

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA: PUBLICATIONS OF THE EGYPTIAN
DEPARTMENT OF THE UNIVERSITY MUSEUM

ECKLEY B. COXE JUNIOR EXPEDITION TO NUBIA: VOL. I

AREIKA

BY

D. RANDALL MACIVER

AND

C. LEONARD WOOLLEY

WITH A CHAPTER ON MEMOTIC INSCRIPTIONS BY

F. L. GRIFFITH

OXFORD: LETTERPRESS AND PLATES

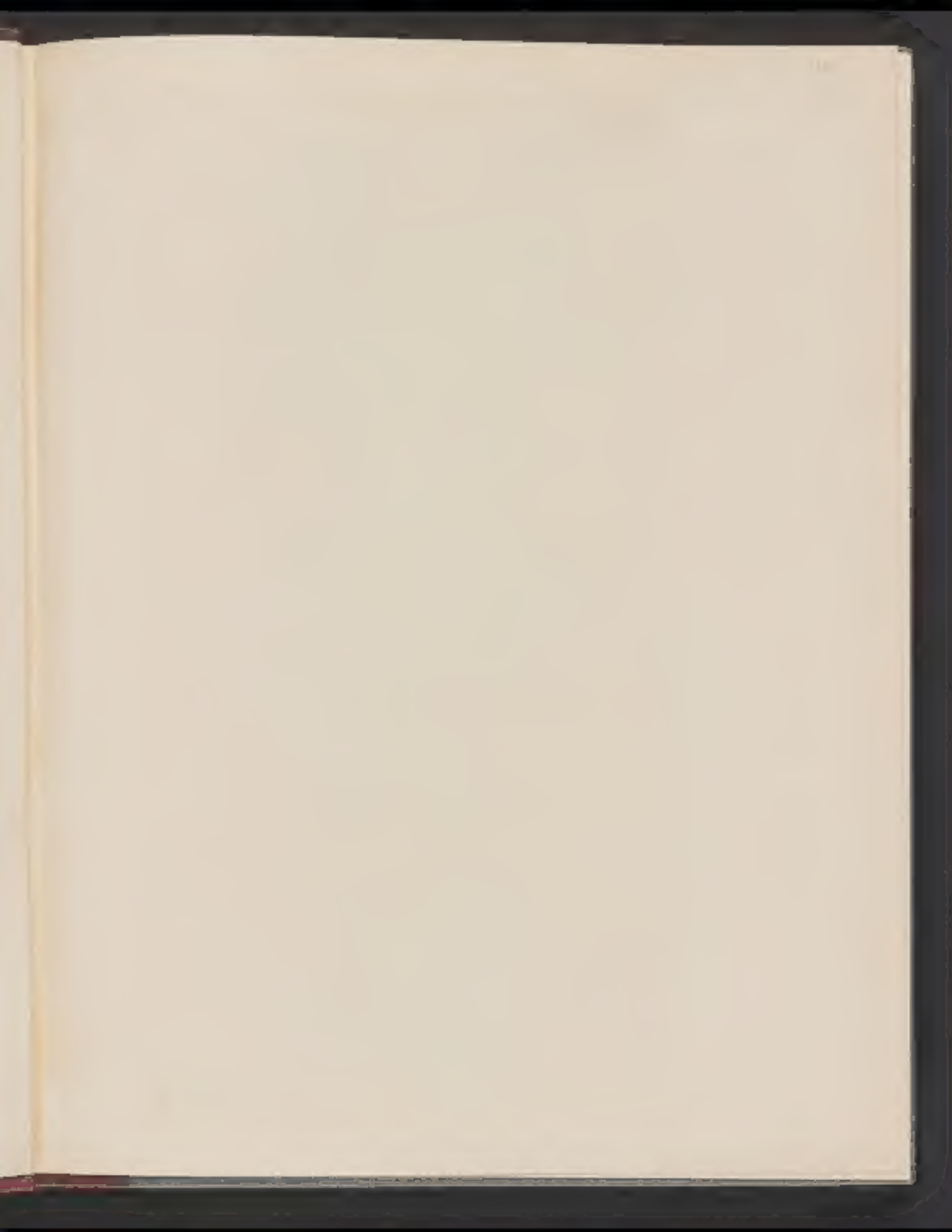
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PREFACE

THIS volume is the first of a series which will record the results of explorations in Egypt planned and financed by Mr. Eckley B. Coxe, Junior, of Philadelphia.

By an agreement made with the University of Pennsylvania in January, 1907, the expedition is to be conducted for five years on behalf of the University, and the antiquities that may be obtained will be presented to the University Museum.

The present authors, as curator and assistant-curator of the Egyptian Department of the Museum, have been charged with the duty of conducting the excavations and publishing the results.

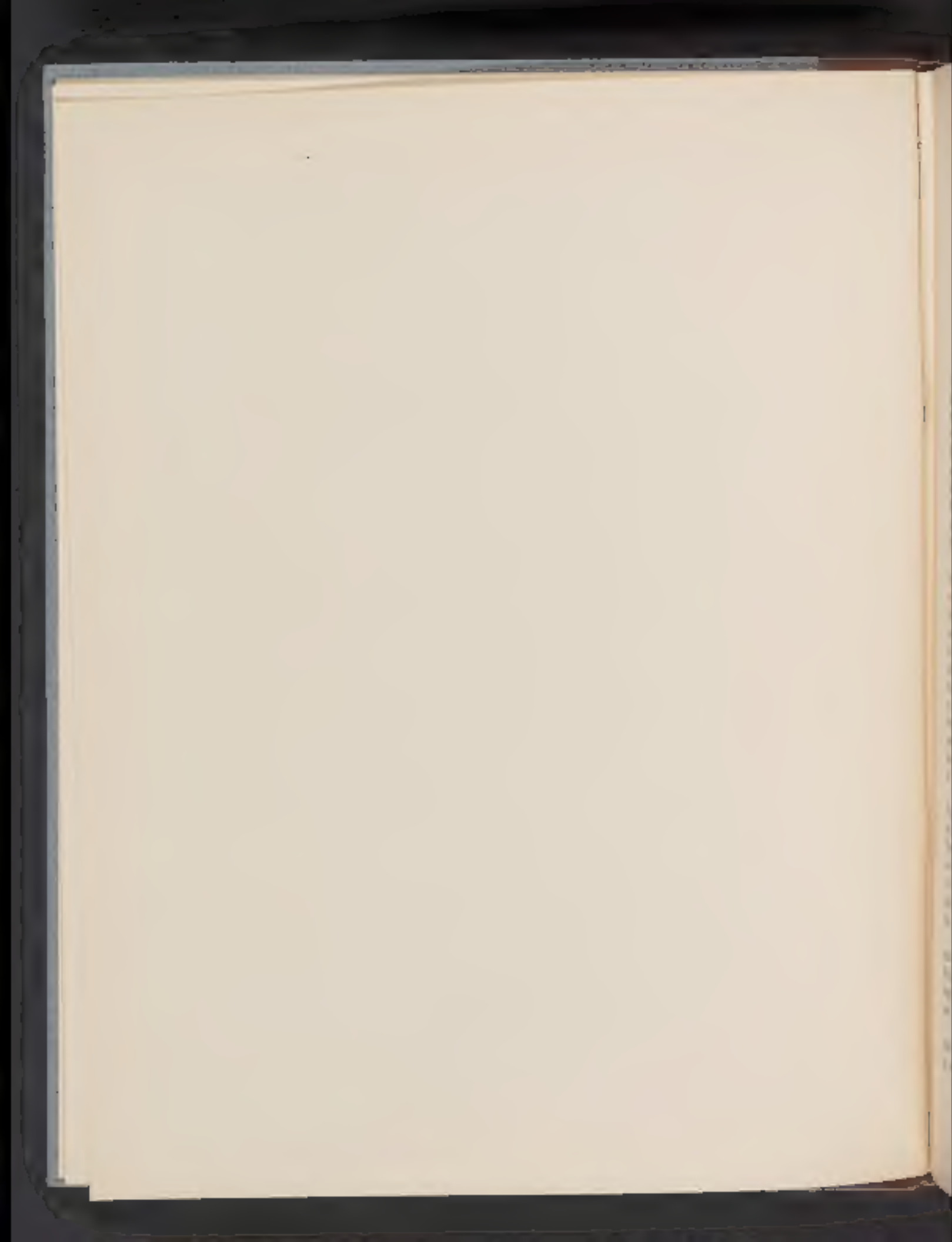
The district selected for their researches has been the southern part of the country that lies between the First and Second Cataracts, and this first volume records the results obtained in the year 1907.

The authors wish on presenting it gratefully to acknowledge the services which Mr. Coxe has rendered to archaeology, and in particular to congratulate him upon having rescued for science much unknown material which might otherwise have been irretrievably lost.

D. R. M.
C. L. W.

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[illegible][illegible]

The political situation in the country is not very encouraging. The market has been in a slump since the end of 1990. In spite of the fact that the government has been successful in curbing inflation, the economy is still in a state of stagnation. The government has been unable to attract foreign investment and the country's foreign reserves are running low. The political situation is also not very encouraging. The government has been unable to implement its economic reforms and the country's political situation is still in a state of stagnation. The government has been unable to attract foreign investment and the country's foreign reserves are running low.

The other two groups of people who have been affected by the HIV/AIDS epidemic include children and adolescents. In the United States, the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development (NICHD) estimates that 100,000 children and adolescents are living with HIV/AIDS. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are African American and Hispanic. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in poverty. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in urban areas. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by substance abuse and mental health problems. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by domestic violence. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child abuse and neglect. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child sexual abuse. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child labor. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child marriage. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child trafficking. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child prostitution. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child pornography. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child exploitation. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child labor. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child marriage. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child trafficking. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child prostitution. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child pornography. In the United States, the majority of children and adolescents who are living with HIV/AIDS are living in families that are affected by child exploitation.

It is clear, however, that the *Adiantum* species are not as common as they were in the past, and that the *Adiantum* species are becoming more common in the past. This is due to the fact that the *Adiantum* species are becoming more common in the past, and the *Adiantum* species are becoming more common in the past.

[illegible]

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 $\frac{1}{2} \pi$
 $\frac{1}{2} \pi$

The early history of the Dnieper and Dniestr Rivers for a considerable length of time has been little known. The first detailed description of the Dnieper, in particular, was by the German explorer Peter Simon Pallas in the 1790s, and the gold mines of the eastern Dnieper region were the subject of a detailed study by the German explorer and mineralogist Johann Adam Bruns in 1804. It was not until the 1920s, when the New Russian Republic was created, that Pallas's and Bruns's descriptions of the region's minerals were taken up again.

[illegible]

During the 1940s, by way of political expediency, I was not identified with the United Negro College Fund, and the fact that I was not identified with the United Negro College Fund at the time the fund was established is a fact that I regret.

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

The present location of the settlement, the New American Colony, near Kordofan is historically significant in the state's present and future development to the Sudan. The British used there as a base for their operations against the Sudan and to blockade it, and then they built up a settlement in the inland region of A. Hamid. By cutting off the main land communication and isolating the settlement from Khartoum.

⁶ *U.S. v. Jones*, 110 F.3d 1000, 1002 (9th Cir. 1997).

* *
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 * * * * * *
 * * * * * *

[illegible][illegible]

Unfortunately, however, the fragmentary fragments of the original text which it represented have been lost, and the exact date within which it was written is not known.

The name of the fragment is given in the photograph in Plate I, and is also given in the text of the fragment in Plate II. They are the names of the fragment, and are given in the text of the fragment in Plate II. The fragment is a fragment of the original text, and is given in the text of the fragment in Plate II.

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[illegible][illegible]

The two main types of biological control are *classical* and *introduced*. A *classical* biological control agent is one that is introduced from another country to control a pest. *Introduced* biological control agents are those that are introduced from another country to control a pest. *Classical* biological control agents are those that are introduced from another country to control a pest. *Introduced* biological control agents are those that are introduced from another country to control a pest.

Because of the large number of people who have been injured, the American Red Cross has been called upon to provide emergency shelter and food for thousands of people. The Red Cross is also providing financial assistance to help people pay for medical bills and other expenses. The Red Cross is also providing emotional support to people who have been injured. The Red Cross is also providing information about the disaster and how to get help. The Red Cross is also providing information about the disaster and how to get help.

As a result, the present study has a number of limitations. First, it is a cross-sectional study that does not allow for the investigation of causal relationships. Second, the sample was drawn from a single university, which may limit the generalizability of the findings. Third, the study did not control for other factors that may influence the relationship between the variables. Fourth, the study did not include a control group. Finally, the study did not include a longitudinal design to track changes over time.

It is not clear whether the above results are due to the fact that the Fe^{2+} ions are in the same environment as the Fe^{3+} ions, or whether they are due to the fact that the Fe^{2+} ions are in the same environment as the Fe^{3+} ions. It is not clear whether the above results are due to the fact that the Fe^{2+} ions are in the same environment as the Fe^{3+} ions, or whether they are due to the fact that the Fe^{2+} ions are in the same environment as the Fe^{3+} ions.

The *Journal of the American Medical Association* has been very generous in publishing the findings of our study. The American Cancer Society has been very helpful in providing financial support for the study. The National Cancer Institute has been very helpful in providing financial support for the study. The National Cancer Institute has been very helpful in providing financial support for the study.

In a typical case, a defendant is charged with the possession of one of these dual identity weapons. The defendant's lawyer informs the court that the defendant had been a law-abiding citizen prior to the commission of the crime.

The following are the names of the persons who have been appointed to the various positions in the organization of the American Society of International Law, for the year 1914-1915:

CHAPTER III

1. VALUATION OF THE CHURCHES FOUND IN THE MURBAN CASHIER
 LISTED ON THE CHURCHES

[illegible]

PH 4001 4008, Divulsiatoe on Plate 8

- [illegible]

171.4010 40.52 01.14746.1 in 1.444 9. . . .

1. The first step is to identify the problem.

1. The first step is to identify the key components of the system. This involves understanding the hardware, software, and data involved. For example, in a web application, this might include the server, the database, and the user interface.

[illegible]

- [illegible]

Ph 4058. *Journal of Mycology* in The Netherlands

CATALOGUE OF OBJECTS FOUND IN THE NEBLAN CASTLE. I.

Ph. 4030. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4031. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4032. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4033. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4034. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4035. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4036. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4037. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4038. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4039. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4040. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4041. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4042. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4043. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4044. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4045. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4046. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4047. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4048. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4049. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.
Ph. 4050. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.

[illegible]

PH 8101 8101

PH 1122 48 30

Fe^{3+} 4152 4156 4160 4164 4168 4172 4176 4180 4184 4188 4192 4196 4200 4204 4208 4212 4216 4220 4224 4228 4232 4236 4240 4244 4248 4252 4256 4260 4264 4268 4272 4276 4280 4284 4288 4292 4296 4300 4304 4308 4312 4316 4320 4324 4328 4332 4336 4340 4344 4348 4352 4356 4360 4364 4368 4372 4376 4380 4384 4388 4392 4396 4400 4404 4408 4412 4416 4420 4424 4428 4432 4436 4440 4444 4448 4452 4456 4460 4464 4468 4472 4476 4480 4484 4488 4492 4496 4500 4504 4508 4512 4516 4520 4524 4528 4532 4536 4540 4544 4548 4552 4556 4560 4564 4568 4572 4576 4580 4584 4588 4592 4596 4600 4604 4608 4612 4616 4620 4624 4628 4632 4636 4640 4644 4648 4652 4656 4660 4664 4668 4672 4676 4680 4684 4688 4692 4696 4700 4704 4708 4712 4716 4720 4724 4728 4732 4736 4740 4744 4748 4752 4756 4760 4764 4768 4772 4776 4780 4784 4788 4792 4796 4800 4804 4808 4812 4816 4820 4824 4828 4832 4836 4840 4844 4848 4852 4856 4860 4864 4868 4872 4876 4880 4884 4888 4892 4896 4900 4904 4908 4912 4916 4920 4924 4928 4932 4936 4940 4944 4948 4952 4956 4960 4964 4968 4972 4976 4980 4984 4988 4992 4996 5000

[illegible][illegible]

16-497 (208) *Chrysomelidae: Chrysomelinae: Chrysomelini*.
 16-498 (208) *Chrysomelidae: Chrysomelinae: Chrysomelini*.
 16-499 (208) *Chrysomelidae: Chrysomelinae: Chrysomelini*.
 16-500 (208) *Chrysomelidae: Chrysomelinae: Chrysomelini*.

1984-2000: *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 79(388), 1039-1051.

PN 1901 4644 *Neurospora crassa*
 1901 4645 *Neurospora crassa* *Neurospora crassa*
 1901 4646 *Neurospora crassa* *Neurospora crassa*

[illegible]

FBI **SEARCHED** _____
INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____
FILED _____
MAY 1968

J. G. AND
C. H. B.

found produced by a blow from a hammer, and the surface of the clay had become almost hard and glossy, and was in the same position as the face. This is the way in which the modern pottery of Lower Nubia is made.

The most common shape of the pottery found in the Nile valley is the large jar or bowl. Many of these have been found in many parts of the valley, but the most common is the large jar or bowl. The shape of the jar or bowl is usually a simple, rounded form, with a wide mouth and a short neck. It is usually made of a reddish-brown clay, and is decorated with a simple, geometric pattern. The jar or bowl is usually found in the same position as the face, and is usually found in the same position as the face.

If we go to the other side of the Nile valley, we find a different pottery, the surface of which is usually a smooth, rounded form, with a wide mouth and a short neck. This is the same shape as the jar or bowl, but the surface is usually a smooth, rounded form, with a wide mouth and a short neck. It is usually made of a reddish-brown clay, and is decorated with a simple, geometric pattern. The jar or bowl is usually found in the same position as the face, and is usually found in the same position as the face.

The most common shape of the pottery found in the Nile valley is the large jar or bowl. Many of these have been found in many parts of the valley, but the most common is the large jar or bowl. The shape of the jar or bowl is usually a simple, rounded form, with a wide mouth and a short neck. It is usually made of a reddish-brown clay, and is decorated with a simple, geometric pattern. The jar or bowl is usually found in the same position as the face, and is usually found in the same position as the face.

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A STUDY OF POTTERY FOUND IN THE NUBIAN CASTLE

[illegible][illegible]

CHAPTER V

41-5113-1-5 VI ET GILZIN, N. V. AKADEM. NAUK

[illegible]

At the same time, one of the main goals of the research is to demonstrate that the art school is the appropriate environment for the development of the creative potential of the child, that it has a considerable influence on the development of the child's personality, and that the endogenous factor is the main one.

[illegible]

We may write these functions as polynomials of λ : $A^*(\lambda) = 1 - \lambda$ and $B^*(\lambda) = \lambda$. The corresponding polynomials of λ for the parameters of the \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{B} matrices are

The present study is the first to examine the effects of

2. Fluvial pits, small sand depressions with a diameter anywhere from 1 to 10 m, depths and widths from 20 to 100 cm.

the results of the above experiments by a series of experiments on the effect of the concentration of the solution on the rate of reaction.

The Supremacy Clause states that the laws of the United States are "supreme" and that state laws are "void" insofar as they conflict with federal law. The Court has interpreted this clause to mean that state laws are "void" insofar as they conflict with federal law, but that state laws are not "void" insofar as they do not conflict with federal law.

some bound on $\|f\|_{\infty}$ and

denotes the i th component of the vector \mathbf{y} , $\mathbf{y} = (y_1, \dots, y_n)$, and $\mathbf{y}^T = (y_1, \dots, y_n)$ is the transpose of \mathbf{y} . The vector \mathbf{y} is called the *response vector* and the matrix \mathbf{X} is called the *design matrix*. The matrix \mathbf{X} is assumed to be of full rank, that is, $\text{rank}(\mathbf{X}) = n$.

1. **General** (type, name, location, etc.)

No. 3400 continued. Summary, cont.

[illegible]

Nov. 2007 • Volume 1 • Number 1 • www.jco.org

Noting that $\mathcal{W}_1 \subset \mathcal{W}_2 \subset \mathcal{W}_3 \subset \mathcal{W}_4 \subset \mathcal{W}_5$, we have $\mathcal{W}_1 \subset \mathcal{W}_2 \subset \mathcal{W}_3 \subset \mathcal{W}_4 \subset \mathcal{W}_5$. Thus, we

[illegible]

52. 4138. *Chlorophyll fluorescence and photosynthesis in *Chlorella* sp. under continuous and intermittent light*. KISHIMOTO, T. and KAWABATA, M. *Journal of Chemical Ecology*, 1976, 2, 1, 1-14. 14 refs.

As a simple illustration, let us consider the case of a single input and a single output. In this case, the input and output are both scalars, and the system is a single-input, single-output (SISO) system. The input and output are both scalars, and the system is a single-input, single-output (SISO) system.

[illegible]

No. 30

Received 10 November 2004; accepted 12 January 2005
Published online 15 February 2005 in Wiley InterScience (www.interscience.wiley.com). DOI: 10.1002/anie.200461000

[illegible][illegible]

Kubota et al., 1986). Our study shows that the same mechanism may also operate in the other part of the

quandary. On the one hand, the *Journal* has been an important presence in the history of the Lower Valley, and how should it be read, given its long history and the

the many and most effective ways of doing so. The first step is to identify the problem. In a follow-up article, however, I will try to suggest some of the ways in which we can go about this.

periodic techniques and analysis, we have created a new theory, based on Dyncasty, given in Figure 3, to explain the observed Nucleation, Growth, and Melting of the crystalline phase.

It will be necessary, therefore, to take a closer look at the separate features in the pottery in the collection of the *British Museum*.

The difference in the incidence of post-operative infection is due to the character of the Pan-Tan family virus.

and the names of the persons in the country are also individually in New England. As such may be found.

No. 405 which corresponds to (plate) 101. It is a well-known type river found in early times.

No. 230 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl.*

No. 231 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of thin dark pottery which is decorated with a black line of zig-zag and was found in the castle and on the hill.*

No. 232 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl.*

No. 233 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 234 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 235 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 236 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 237 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 238 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 239 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 240 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 241 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 242 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 243 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 244 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 245 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 246 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 247 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 248 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 249 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 250 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 251 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 252 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

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No. 255 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 256 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 257 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 258 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 259 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

No. 260 *Small, rounded, black, thin-walled bowl of dark brown ware.*

THE NILE NEAR SOHOKO.





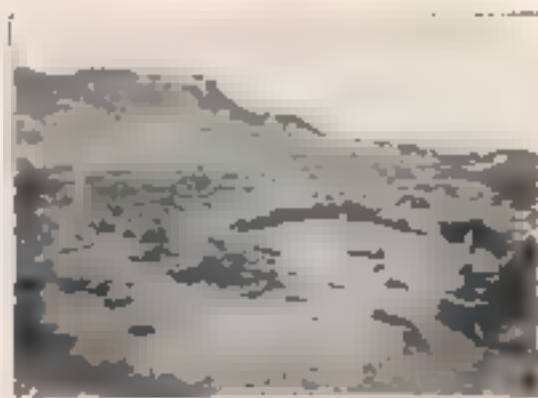
SUWAY CASTLE, NEAR AMALSHI. PERIOD OF TIDGESMES RI



SUWAY CASTLE



VIEW OF THE AMALSHI AREA



VIEW OF THE AMALSHI AREA

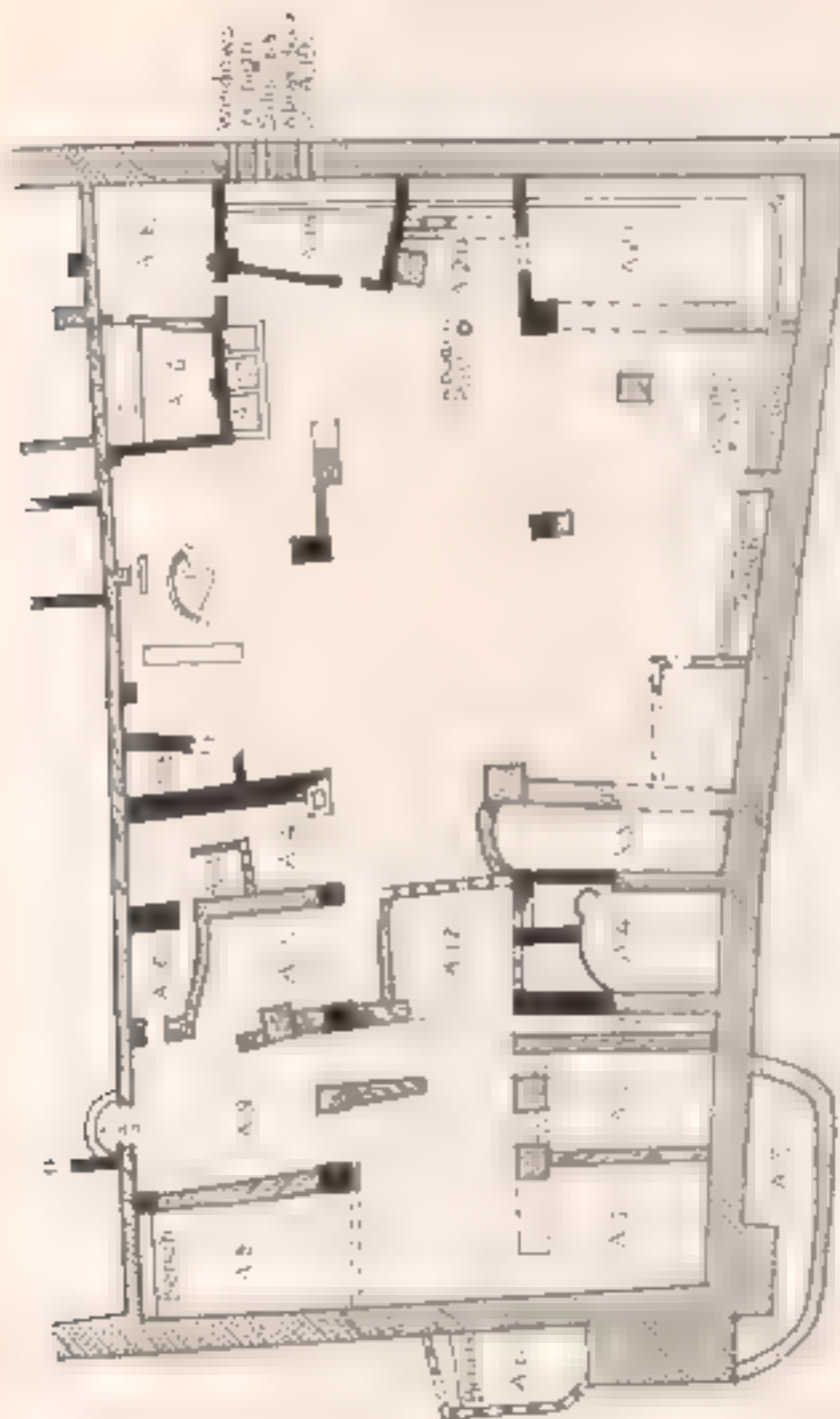
NIRIAN CASTLE NEAR AMARHI - REMAINS OF THE TOWERS III



FIGURE 1. Nirian Castle, near Amarhi, showing the remains of the towers III.



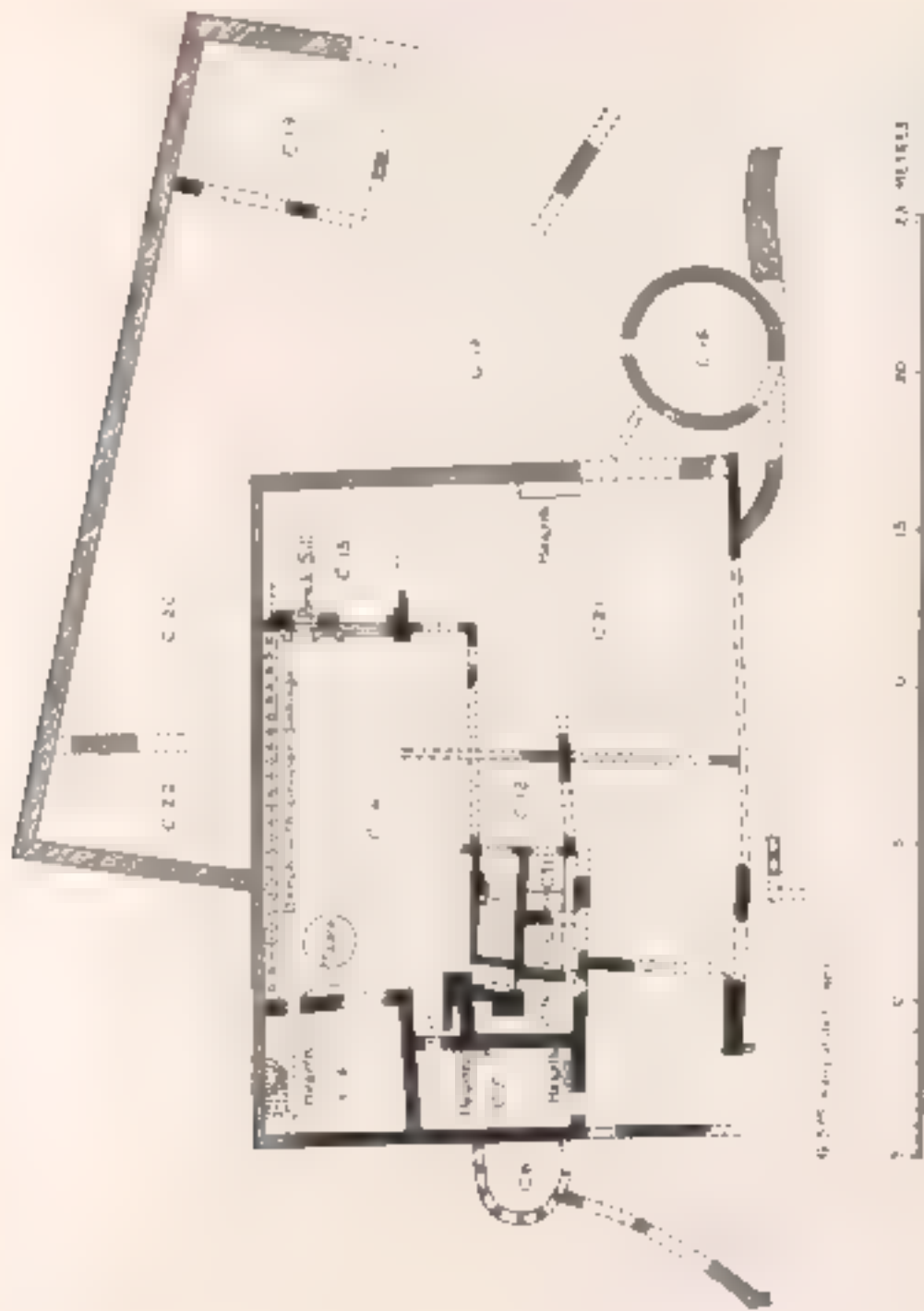
FIGURE 2. Nirian Castle, near Amarhi, showing the remains of the towers III.



12 METERS

PLAN OF THE WESTERN DIVISION OF THE NEW YORK STATE ARMORY
PERIOD OF 1901-1902

1901-1902



PLAN OF THE EASTERN DIVISION OF THE NEBYAN CASTLE, NEAR AMADEI. (SECTION OF THE PLAN IN THE MUSEUM OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO)

CLAY AND POTTERY FIGURINES FOUND IN THE SUBURBAN CASTLE NEAR AMADER
 PERIOD OF T. 6TH-11TH



Fig. 4001 to 4018

Fig. 4019

Scale about 1/2



Fig. 4019 to 4032

Fig. 4033

Scale about 1/2



Fig. 4634



Fig. 4635



Fig. 4636



Fig. 4637



Fig. 4638



Fig. 4639



Fig. 4640



Fig. 4641



Fig. 4642

Fig. 4634, 4635, 4636, 4637, 4638, 4639, 4640, 4641, 4642

Fig. 4634

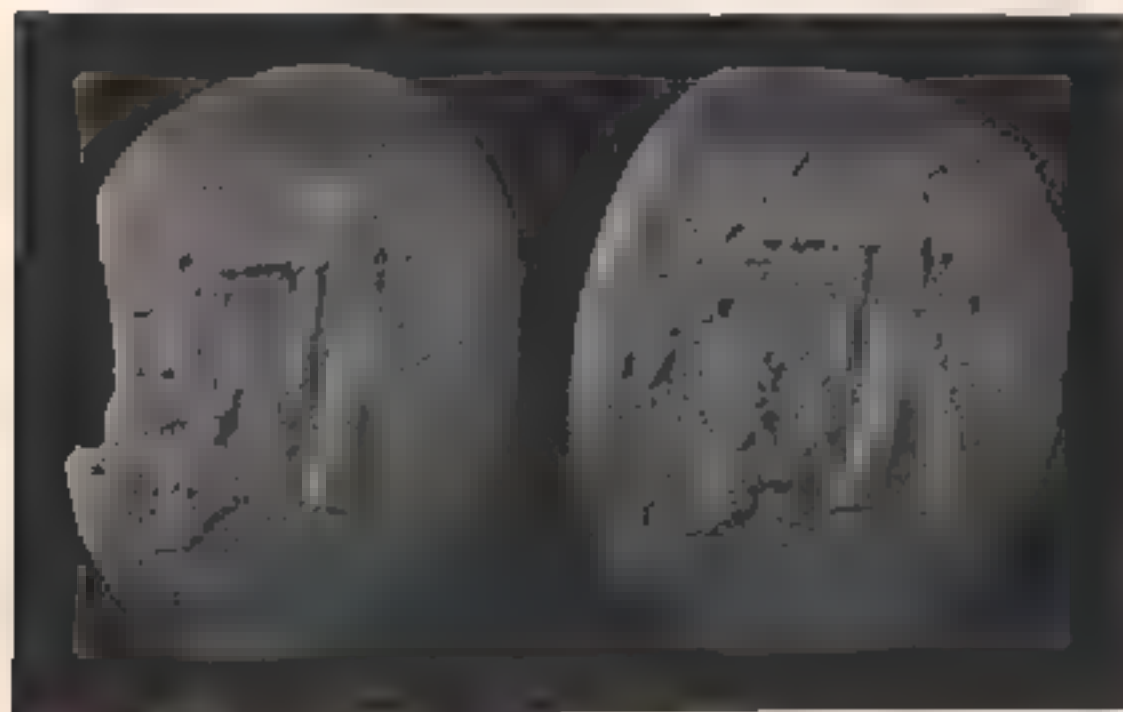


Fig. 4634, 4635, 4636, 4637, 4638, 4639, 4640, 4641, 4642

Fig. 4634

POTTERY FOUND IN THE MURRAY CASTLE NEAR AMARH
PERIOD OF THE QIMES III

PLATE III

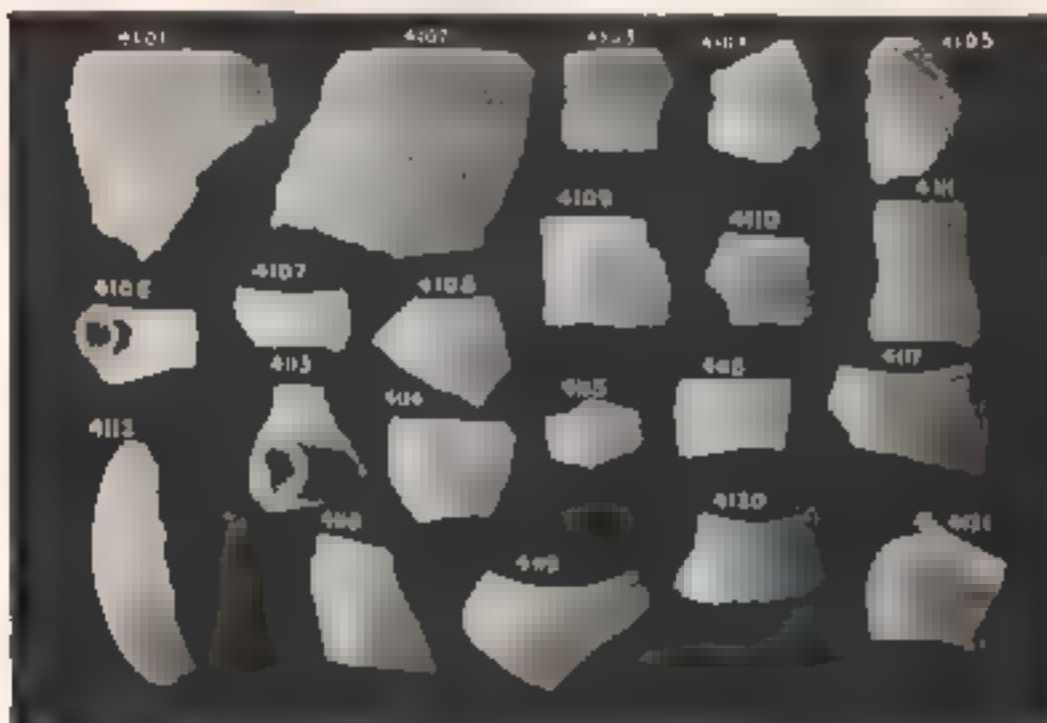


PLATE III

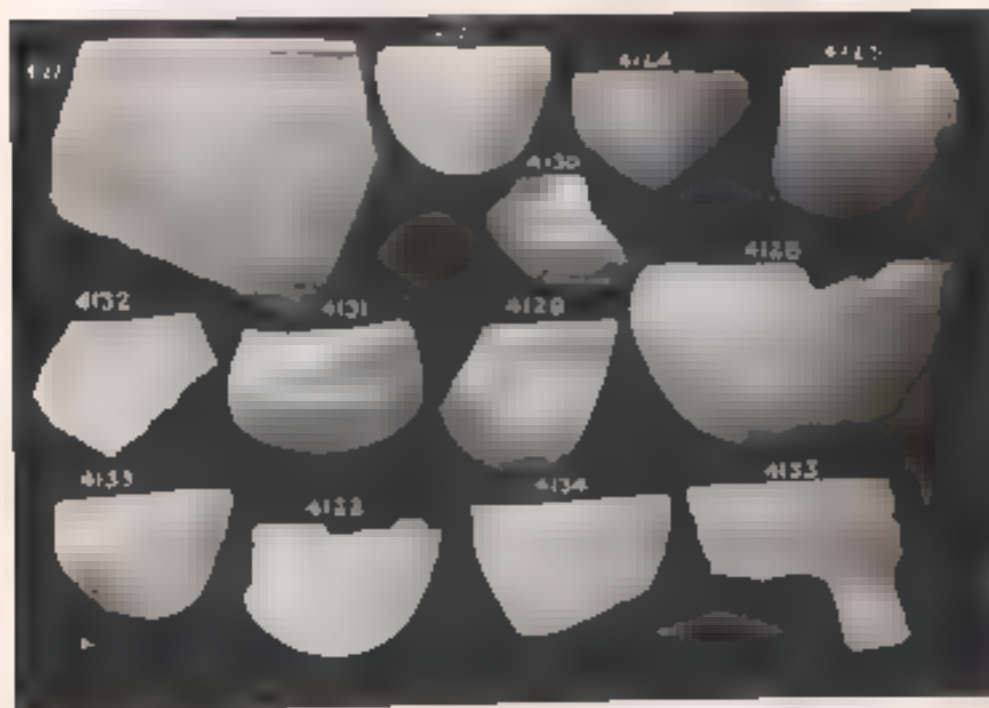
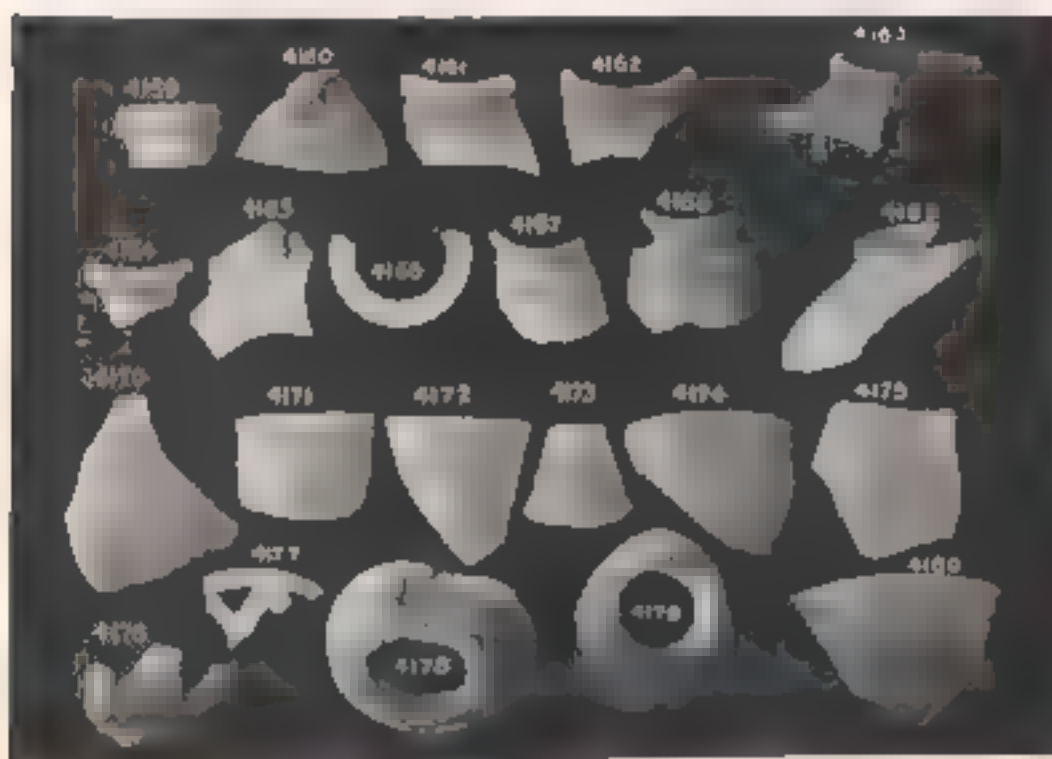
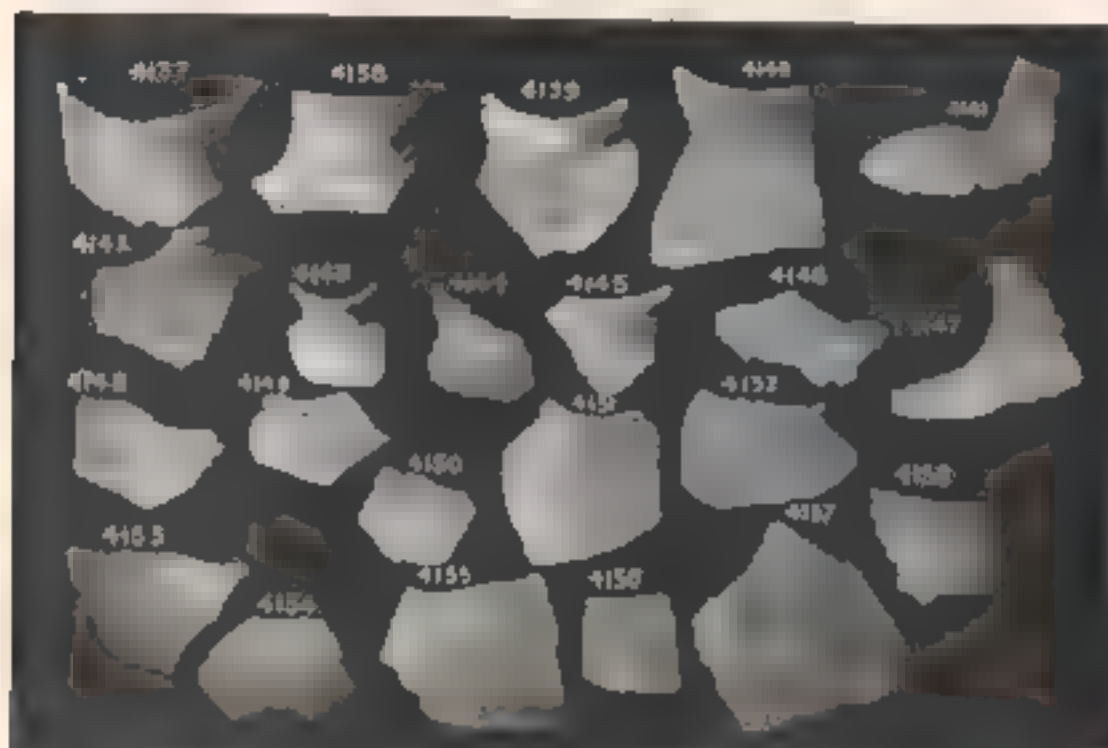


PLATE IV

PLATE IV

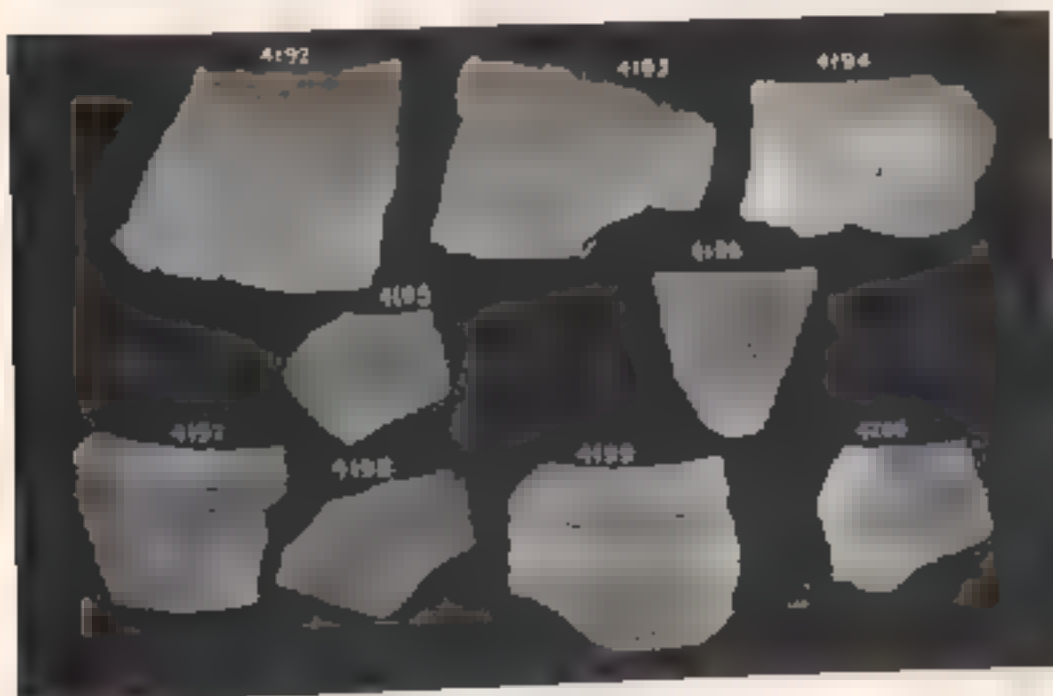
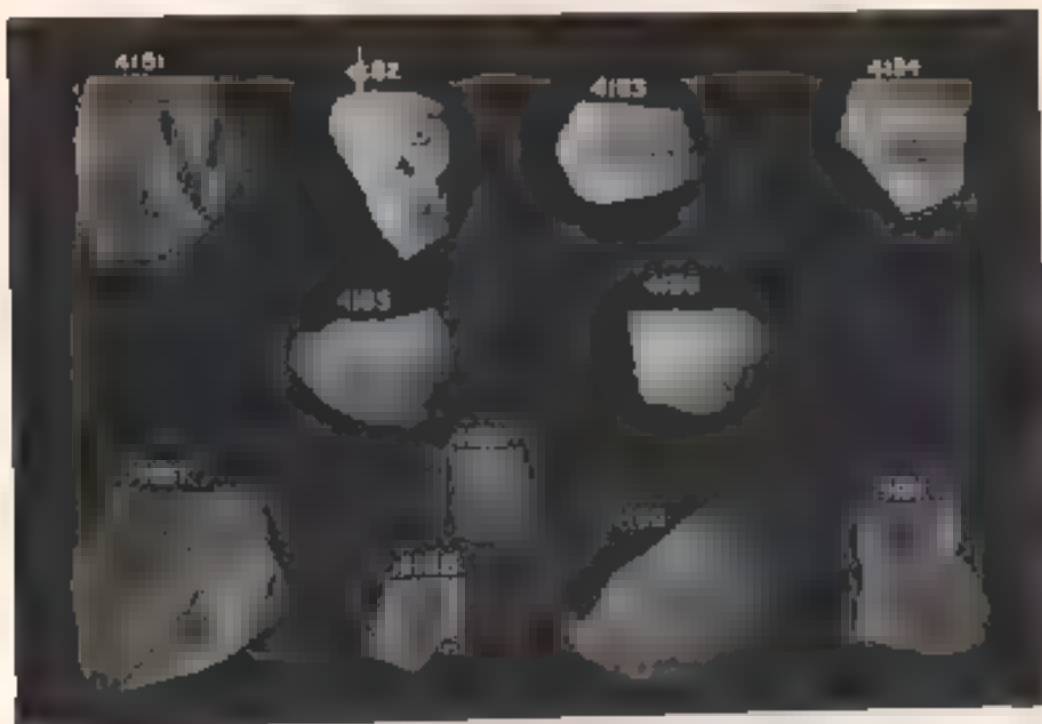
POETTERY FOUND IN THE NICHOLAS CASTLE NEAR AMSTERDAM
 PRICES OF THE COINS 17

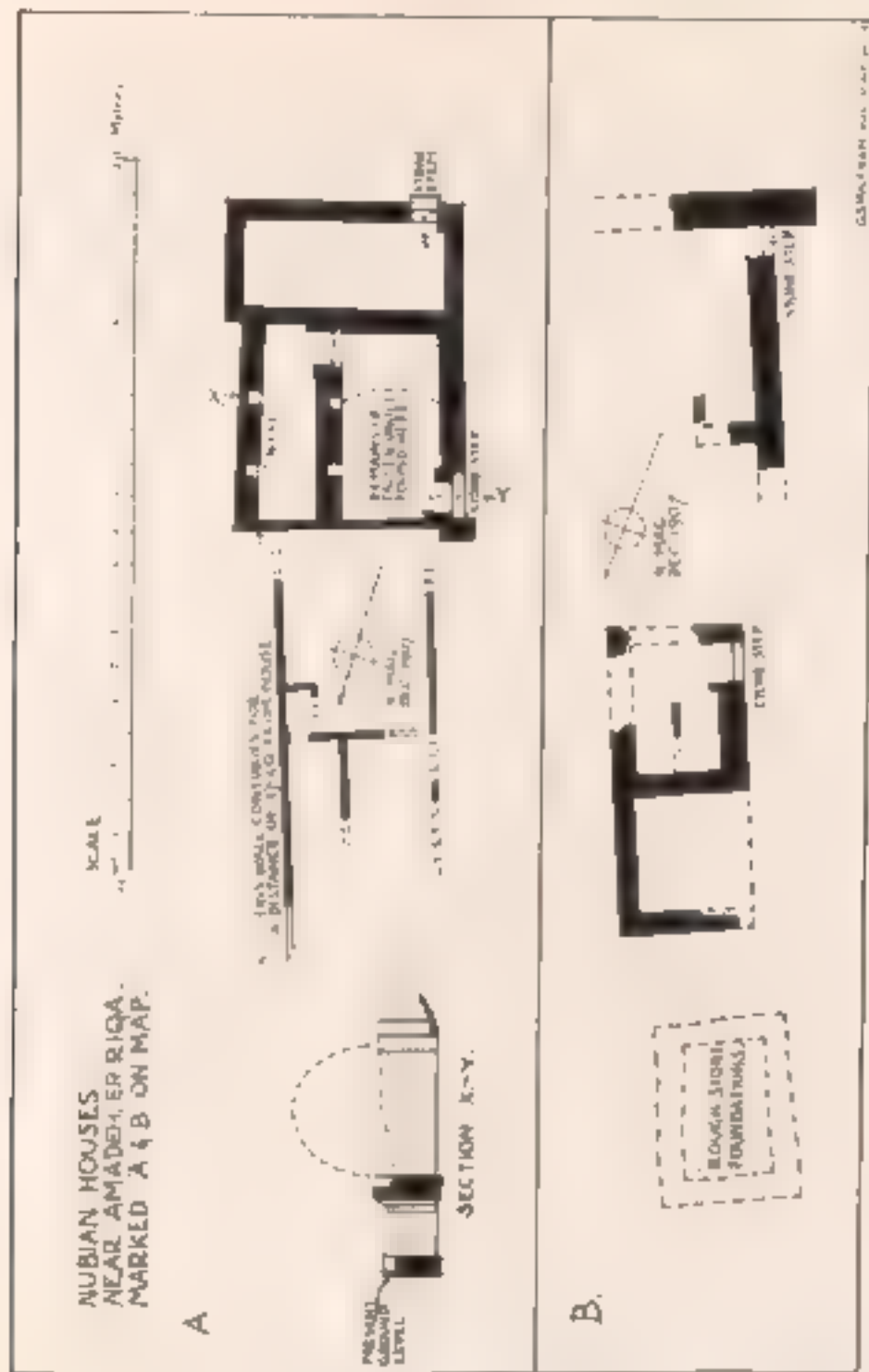
PLATE II





POTTERY FOUND IN THE ARCHAIC CASTLE NEAR AMALFI
PERIOD OF THE GIBBS III





$T_{\text{eff}} = T_0 \left(1 + \frac{\alpha}{2} \right) \approx T_0$

CHAPTER VI

THE CEMETERY OF SHEPHERD.

The photographs on Plate C show a small part of the cemetery of K. 10. 1. 1. in the background. The photograph is somewhat obscured by the steep slope of the hill on which the Nabataean women's tombs are situated (see page 11). Above the graves, a low wall runs east and behind the wall is a line of trees. Below the wall, the ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery.

We excavated a small part of the cemetery of K. 10. 1. 1. in the foreground. We found that it would not repay the labour of excavation. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery.

Of the graves, only a few were found. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery.

Our attention was first attracted by a small, square, stone structure. It was made of the same material as the other structures. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery.

The graves that we excavated in the cemetery of K. 10. 1. 1. were of the principal type, viz. (1) Round stone pits, made of the same material as the other structures. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery.

¹ Of the graves, only a few were found. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery.

² The graves were made of the same material as the other structures. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery. The ground is covered with a dense growth of vegetation. In the foreground, a small stream flows through the cemetery.

found numerous fragments, which are listed in Table 4. The peak number of birds was 118 in November 1972, November 1973, and 1974, the same time.

The defendant's trial was the only one conducted in Hanoi, and Nong, the number 14, was made to feel that he was being persecuted even without accusations, and being told that he was guilty. The judge was himself capable of keeping them, such as physical and mental tortures, and the defendant had experienced only good details of treatment in the court, and the judge was a very good judge.

• <http://www.kellogg.nyu.edu/faculty/rogers/>

FIGURE 1 The effect of the number of trials on the number of correct responses. The number of correct responses was significantly higher than the number of incorrect responses in all cases. The number of correct responses was significantly higher than the number of incorrect responses in all cases. The number of correct responses was significantly higher than the number of incorrect responses in all cases.

Furthermore, the authors of the paper have not provided any evidence that the model is a good fit for the data. The authors have only provided a visual representation of the model fit, which is not sufficient to establish the model's validity. The authors have also not provided any evidence that the model is a good fit for the data. The authors have only provided a visual representation of the model fit, which is not sufficient to establish the model's validity.

[illegible]

Mr. T. J. L. ...

[illegible]

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are illiterate has increased from 1.2 billion to 1.5 billion. The number of illiterate people in the world is projected to reach 1.7 billion by the year 2015. The number of illiterate people in the world is projected to reach 1.7 billion by the year 2015. The number of illiterate people in the world is projected to reach 1.7 billion by the year 2015.

Notably, the *in vitro* and *in vivo* results are in good agreement. The *in vitro* results show that the release of the protein is controlled by the pH of the environment. The *in vivo* results show that the protein is released from the implant in the acidic environment of the wound.

$N = 0$ (the case of a single particle) is the same as the case of a single particle. The case of a single particle is the same as the case of a single particle.

1. *Pharmaceuticals*: The pharmaceutical industry is a major contributor to the U.S. economy, with sales exceeding \$400 billion in 2019. The industry is heavily regulated by the FDA, which oversees the safety and efficacy of drugs. The industry is also facing increasing pressure from payers (insurers and patients) to reduce costs, leading to a focus on value-based pricing and generic competition.

was not found in the same position as the other bones. It was found in the same position as the other bones.

No. 100. The bones of a child, aged about 10 years, were found in the same position as the other bones. The bones were found in the same position as the other bones.

No. 101. The bones of a child, aged about 10 years, were found in the same position as the other bones. The bones were found in the same position as the other bones.

No. 102. The bones of a child, aged about 10 years, were found in the same position as the other bones. The bones were found in the same position as the other bones.

The bones of a child, aged about 10 years, were found in the same position as the other bones. The bones were found in the same position as the other bones.

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The bones of a child, aged about 10 years, were found in the same position as the other bones. The bones were found in the same position as the other bones.

CHAPTER VII

STATUTE OF THE GOVT. ESTABLISHED IN THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS, 1852.

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 84

[illegible]

11.

1. The first step is to identify the variables that are likely to influence the outcome variable. In this case, the variables are the number of hours worked per week, the number of children in the household, and the number of children under the age of 18.

Phosphorus is a constituent of nucleic acids, phospholipids, and ATP. It is also a component of bone and teeth. Phosphorus is involved in energy metabolism and is a cofactor for many enzymes. It is also involved in the regulation of cell growth and differentiation. Phosphorus is a major component of the cell membrane and is involved in the transport of ions and molecules across the membrane. Phosphorus is also involved in the regulation of gene expression and the development of the nervous system. Phosphorus is a major component of the cell wall and is involved in the transport of ions and molecules across the wall. Phosphorus is also involved in the regulation of cell growth and differentiation. Phosphorus is a major component of the cell wall and is involved in the transport of ions and molecules across the wall. Phosphorus is also involved in the regulation of cell growth and differentiation.

10.

1. *As a result of the above, the following is proposed:*

[illegible]

• 11

[illegible]

11. 2000

[illegible]

PH. 5004 — *Pharmaceuticals and the Public Good*. This course examines the role of pharmaceuticals in society, the impact of government regulation, and the ethical issues surrounding the development and distribution of drugs. It also explores the role of pharmaceuticals in public health and the impact of pharmaceuticals on the environment.

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2 \times 1.414} = \frac{1}{2.828} = 0.3535$$
[illegible]

Ph. No. 114 Herodotus, *History*, 2.104-105, 2.125-126, 2.141-142, 2.154-155, 2.161-162, 2.177-178, 2.184-185, 2.191-192, 2.201-202, 2.213-214, 2.229-230, 2.234-235, 2.241-242, 2.251-252, 2.261-262, 2.271-272, 2.281-282, 2.291-292, 2.301-302, 2.311-312, 2.321-322, 2.331-332, 2.341-342, 2.351-352, 2.361-362, 2.371-372, 2.381-382, 2.391-392, 2.401-402, 2.411-412, 2.421-422, 2.431-432, 2.441-442, 2.451-452, 2.461-462, 2.471-472, 2.481-482, 2.491-492, 2.501-502, 2.511-512, 2.521-522, 2.531-532, 2.541-542, 2.551-552, 2.561-562, 2.571-572, 2.581-582, 2.591-592, 2.601-602, 2.611-612, 2.621-622, 2.631-632, 2.641-642, 2.651-652, 2.661-662, 2.671-672, 2.681-682, 2.691-692, 2.701-702, 2.711-712, 2.721-722, 2.731-732, 2.741-742, 2.751-752, 2.761-762, 2.771-772, 2.781-782, 2.791-792, 2.801-802, 2.811-812, 2.821-822, 2.831-832, 2.841-842, 2.851-852, 2.861-862, 2.871-872, 2.881-882, 2.891-892, 2.901-902, 2.911-912, 2.921-922, 2.931-932, 2.941-942, 2.951-952, 2.961-962, 2.971-972, 2.981-982, 2.991-992, 3.1-3, 3.4-6, 3.7-9, 3.10-12, 3.13-15, 3.16-18, 3.19-21, 3.22-24, 3.25-27, 3.28-30, 3.31-33, 3.34-36, 3.37-39, 3.40-42, 3.43-45, 3.46-48, 3.49-51, 3.52-54, 3.55-57, 3.58-60, 3.61-63, 3.64-66, 3.67-69, 3.70-72, 3.73-75, 3.76-78, 3.79-81, 3.82-84, 3.85-87, 3.88-90, 3.91-93, 3.94-96, 3.97-99, 3.100-102, 3.103-105, 3.106-108, 3.109-111, 3.112-114, 3.115-117, 3.118-120, 3.121-123, 3.124-126, 3.127-129, 3.130-132, 3.133-135, 3.136-138, 3.139-141, 3.142-144, 3.145-147, 3.148-150, 3.151-153, 3.154-156, 3.157-159, 3.160-162, 3.163-165, 3.166-168, 3.169-171, 3.172-174, 3.175-177, 3.178-180, 3.181-183, 3.184-186, 3.187-189, 3.190-192, 3.193-195, 3.196-198, 3.199-201, 3.202-204, 3.205-207, 3.208-210, 3.211-213, 3.214-216, 3.217-219, 3.220-222, 3.223-225, 3.226-228, 3.229-231, 3.232-234, 3.235-237, 3.238-240, 3.241-243, 3.244-246, 3.247-249, 3.250-252, 3.253-255, 3.256-258, 3.259-261, 3.262-264, 3.265-267, 3.268-270, 3.271-273, 3.274-276, 3.277-279, 3.280-282, 3.283-285, 3.286-288, 3.289-291, 3.292-294, 3.295-297, 3.298-300, 3.301-303, 3.304-306, 3.307-309, 3.310-312, 3.313-315, 3.316-318, 3.319-321, 3.322-324, 3.325-327, 3.328-330, 3.331-333, 3.334-336, 3.337-339, 3.340-342, 3.343-345, 3.346-348, 3.349-351, 3.352-354, 3.355-357, 3.358-360, 3.361-363, 3.364-366, 3.367-369, 3.370-372, 3.373-375, 3.376-378, 3.379-381, 3.382-384, 3.385-387, 3.388-390, 3.391-393, 3.394-396, 3.397-399, 3.400-402, 3.403-405, 3.406-408, 3.409-411, 3.412-414, 3.415-417, 3.418-420, 3.421-423, 3.424-426, 3.427-429, 3.430-432, 3.433-435, 3.436-438, 3.439-441, 3.442-444, 3.445-447, 3.448-450, 3.451-453, 3.454-456, 3.457-459, 3.460-462, 3.463-465, 3.466-468, 3.469-471, 3.472-474, 3.475-477, 3.478-480, 3.481-483, 3.484-486, 3.487-489, 3.490-492, 3.493-495, 3.496-498, 3.499-501, 3.502-504, 3.505-507, 3.508-510, 3.511-513, 3.514-516, 3.517-519, 3.520-522, 3.523-525, 3.526-528, 3.529-531, 3.532-534, 3.535-537, 3.538-540, 3.541-543, 3.544-546, 3.547-549, 3.550-552, 3.553-555, 3.556-558, 3.559-561, 3.562-564, 3.565-567, 3.568-570, 3.571-573, 3.574-576, 3.577-579, 3.580-582, 3.583-585, 3.586-588, 3.589-591, 3.592-594, 3.595-597, 3.598-600, 3.601-603, 3.604-606, 3.607-609, 3.610-612, 3.613-615, 3.616-618, 3.619-621, 3.622-624, 3.625-627, 3.628-630, 3.631-633, 3.634-636, 3.637-639, 3.640-642, 3.643-645, 3.646-648, 3.649-651, 3.652-654, 3.655-657, 3.658-660, 3.661-663, 3.664-666, 3.667-669, 3.670-672, 3.673-675, 3.676-678, 3.679-681, 3.682-684, 3.685-687, 3.688-690, 3.691-693, 3.694-696, 3.697-699, 3.700-702, 3.703-705, 3.706-708, 3.709-711, 3.712-714, 3.715-717, 3.718-720, 3.721-723, 3.724-726, 3.727-729, 3.730-732, 3.733-735, 3.736-738, 3.739-741, 3.742-744, 3.745-747, 3.748-750, 3.751-753, 3.754-756, 3.757-759, 3.760-762, 3.763-765, 3.766-768, 3.769-771, 3.772-774, 3.775-777, 3.778-780, 3.781-783, 3.784-786, 3.787-789, 3.790-792, 3.793-795, 3.796-798, 3.799-801, 3.802-804, 3.805-807, 3.808-810, 3.811-813, 3.814-816, 3.817-819, 3.820-822, 3.823-825, 3.826-828, 3.829-831, 3.832-834, 3.835-837, 3.838-840, 3.841-843, 3.844-846, 3.847-849, 3.850-852, 3.853-855, 3.856-858, 3.859-861, 3.862-864, 3.86

[illegible]

88.

To show $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \log \frac{1}{p_i} = H(p)$, we use the inequality

1961-1962 1963-1964 1965-1966 1967-1968 1969-1970 1971-1972 1973-1974 1975-1976 1977-1978 1979-1980 1981-1982 1983-1984 1985-1986 1987-1988 1989-1990 1991-1992 1993-1994 1995-1996 1997-1998 1999-2000 2001-2002 2003-2004 2005-2006 2007-2008 2009-2010 2011-2012 2013-2014 2015-2016 2017-2018 2019-2020 2021-2022 2023-2024 2025-2026 2027-2028 2029-2030 2031-2032 2033-2034 2035-2036 2037-2038 2039-2040 2041-2042 2043-2044 2045-2046 2047-2048 2049-2050 2051-2052 2053-2054 2055-2056 2057-2058 2059-2060 2061-2062 2063-2064 2065-2066 2067-2068 2069-2070 2071-2072 2073-2074 2075-2076 2077-2078 2079-2080 2081-2082 2083-2084 2085-2086 2087-2088 2089-2090 2091-2092 2093-2094 2095-2096 2097-2098 2099-2100 2101-2102 2103-2104 2105-2106 2107-2108 2109-2110 2111-2112 2113-2114 2115-2116 2117-2118 2119-2120 2121-2122 2123-2124 2125-2126 2127-2128 2129-2130 2131-2132 2133-2134 2135-2136 2137-2138 2139-2140 2141-2142 2143-2144 2145-2146 2147-2148 2149-2150 2151-2152 2153-2154 2155-2156 2157-2158 2159-2160 2161-2162 2163-2164 2165-2166 2167-2168 2169-2170 2171-2172 2173-2174 2175-2176 2177-2178 2179-2180 2181-2182 2183-2184 2185-2186 2187-2188 2189-2190 2191-2192 2193-2194 2195-2196 2197-2198 2199-2200 2201-2202 2203-2204 2205-2206 2207-2208 2209-2210 2211-2212 2213-2214 2215-2216 2217-2218 2219-2220 2221-2222 2223-2224 2225-2226 2227-2228 2229-2230 2231-2232 2233-2234 2235-2236 2237-2238 2239-2240 2241-2242 2243-2244 2245-2246 2247-2248 2249-2250 2251-2252 2253-2254 2255-2256 2257-2258 2259-2260 2261-2262 2263-2264 2265-2266 2267-2268 2269-2270 2271-2272 2273-2274 2275-2276 2277-2278 2279-2280 2281-2282 2283-2284 2285-2286 2287-2288 2289-2290 2291-2292 2293-2294 2295-2296 2297-2298 2299-2300 2301-2302 2303-2304 2305-2306 2307-2308 2309-2310 2311-2312 2313-2314 2315-2316 2317-2318 2319-2320 2321-2322 2323-2324 2325-2326 2327-2328 2329-2330 2331-2332 2333-2334 2335-2336 2337-2338 2339-2340 2341-2342 2343-2344 2345-2346 2347-2348 2349-2350 2351-2352 2353-2354 2355-2356 2357-2358 2359-2360 2361-2362 2363-2364 2365-2366 2367-2368 2369-2370 2371-2372 2373-2374 2375-2376 2377-2378 2379-2380 2381-2382 2383-2384 2385-2386 2387-2388 2389-2390 2391-2392 2393-2394 2395-2396 2397-2398 2399-2400 2401-2402 2403-2404 2405-2406 2407-2408 2409-2410 2411-2412 2413-2414 2415-2416 2417-2418 2419-2420 2421-2422 2423-2424 2425-2426 2427-2428 2429-2430 2431-2432 2433-2434 2435-2436 2437-2438 2439-2440 2441-2442 2443-2444 2445-2446 2447-2448 2449-2450 2451-2452 2453-2454 2455-2456 2457-2458 2459-2460 2461-2462 2463-2464 2465-2466 2467-2468 2469-2470 2471-2472 2473-2474 2475-2476 2477-2478 2479-2480 2481-2482 2483-2484 2485-2486 2487-2488 2489-2490 2491-2492 2493-2494 2495-2496 2497-2498 2499-2500 2501-2502 2503-2504 2505-2506 2507-2508 2509-2510 2511-2512 2513-2514 2515-2516 2517-2518 2519-2520 2521-2522 2523-2524 2525-2526 2527-2528 2529-2530 2531-2532 2533-2534 2535-2536 2537-2538 2539-2540 2541-2542 2543-2544 2545-2546 2547-2548 2549-2550 2551-2552 2553-2554 2555-2556 2557-2558 2559-2560 2561-2562 2563-2564 2565-2566 2567-2568 2569-2570 2571-2572 2573-2574 2575-2576 2577-2578 2579-2580 2581-2582 2583-2584 2585-2586 2587-2588 2589-2590 2591-2592 2593-2594 2595-2596 2597-2598 2599-2600 2601-2602 2603-2604 2605-2606 2607-2608 2609-2610 2611-2612 2613-2614 2615-2616 2617-2618 2619-2620 2621-2622 2623-2624 2625-2626 2627-2628 2629-2630 2631-2632 2633-2634 2635-2636 2637-2638 2639-2640 2641-2642 2643-2644 2645-2646 2647-2648 2649-2650 2651-2652 2653-2654 2655-2656 2657-2658 2659-2660 2661-2662 2663-2664 2665-2666 2667-2668 2669-2670 2671-2672 2673-2674 2675-2676 2677-2678 2679-2680 2681-2682 2683-2684 2685-2686 2687-2688 2689-2690 2691-2692 2693-2694 2695-2696 2697-2698 2699-2700 2701-2702 2703-2704 2705-2706 2707-2708 2709-2710 2711-2712 2713-2714 2715-2716 2717-2718 2719-2720 2721-2722 2723-2724 2725-2726 2727-2728 2729-2730 2731-2732 2733-2734 2735-2736 2737-2738 2739-2740 2741-2742 2743-2744 2745-2746 2747-2748 2749-2750 2751-2752 2753-2754 2755-2756 2757-2758 2759-2760 2761-2762 2763-2764 2765-2766 2767-2768 2769-2770 2771-2772 2773-2774 2775-2776 2777-2778 2779

[illegible]

1. \mathcal{H}_1 is a linear space over \mathbb{R} and \mathcal{H}_2 is a linear space over \mathbb{C} .

1. $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$

[illegible]

2011 11 11

[illegible]

□ □ □

$$\| \gamma_n \|_{\infty} = \max_{1 \leq i \leq n} \left\{ \left| \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n \gamma_{ij} \right| \right\} \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } n \rightarrow \infty$$

• • •

$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{x}} \right) = \frac{\partial L}{\partial x}$

442 J. C. Powell

[illegible]

En 1912, la ville de New York a été la première à...

^a $\chi^2 = 0.67$, $p = .81$.

Ph 5014: *Practical exercises in computer simulation of*
biological systems (1990-1991) 100pp. 1991.

CATALOGUE OF THE OBJECTS FOUND AT SHARAH. 33

| <p>Measurements
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.</p> | <p>Other data
Material, color, etc.</p> |
|--|--|
| <p>Ph. 5135. Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> | <p>Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> |
| <p>Ph. 5136. Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> | <p>Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> |
| <p>Ph. 5141. Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> | <p>Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> |
| <p>Ph. 5145. Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> | <p>Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> |
| <p>Ph. 5146. Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> | <p>Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> |
| <p>Ph. 5151. Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> | <p>Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> |
| <p>Ph. 5152. Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> | <p>Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> |
| <p>Ph. 5153. Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> | <p>Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> |
| <p>Ph. 5154. Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> | <p>Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> |
| <p>Ph. 5155. Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> | <p>Fragment of a small object.
Length, breadth, height, weight, etc.
Material, color, etc.</p> |

CATALOGUE OF THE OBJECTS FOUND AT SHABULI.

[illegible]

The 0.11 M NaCl solution was prepared by dissolving 2.54 g of NaCl in 100 ml of distilled water.

4. 51 31'37" E: 3211

114 *Journal of the Philosophy of Education Society of Great Britain*[illegible][illegible]

The second category of *metaphors* is *metonymy*, which is a figure of speech in which one thing is referred to by the name of another thing that is closely related to it. For example, "The White House announced..." uses "The White House" to refer to the President or the administration. Another example is "The pen is mightier than the sword," where "the pen" represents peace and "the sword" represents war.

[illegible]

[†] In the original *Alse*, α is given as $\alpha = \frac{1}{2}(\pi - \frac{1}{2}\pi) = \frac{1}{4}\pi$, which is not correct. The correct value of α is $\alpha = \frac{1}{2}(\pi - \frac{1}{2}\pi) = \frac{1}{4}\pi$. The value of α is given as $\alpha = \frac{1}{2}(\pi - \frac{1}{2}\pi) = \frac{1}{4}\pi$.

It is to be noted that the *tsunagi* is a common form, and that the characteristic of the preceding *tsunagi* is that the rim is slightly flared out, and the base is slightly concave. The *tsunagi* is a common form, and the *tsunagi* is a common form.

Fig. 1. *Tsunagi*.

Fig. 1. *Tsunagi*.

The *tsunagi* is a common form, and the *tsunagi* is a common form. The *tsunagi* is a common form, and the *tsunagi* is a common form. The *tsunagi* is a common form, and the *tsunagi* is a common form.

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Fig. 2. *Tsunagi*.

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Fig. 3. *Tsunagi*.

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Fig. 4. *Tsunagi*.

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[illegible]
$$1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4$$

$\Delta^2 f = 0$
 $f = 0$

Proposition 1. Let $\mathcal{S} = \{S_1, \dots, S_n\}$ be a set of n sets, $n \geq 2$, and let $\mathcal{P} = \{P_1, \dots, P_n\}$ be a set of n points in the plane. Then, the following conditions are equivalent:

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 84

[illegible]

$\Gamma_{\text{ext}} = \Gamma_{\text{ext}}^{\text{ext}} + \Gamma_{\text{ext}}^{\text{int}}$ (total external force)
 $\Gamma_{\text{ext}}^{\text{ext}} = \Gamma_{\text{ext}}^{\text{ext}} + \Gamma_{\text{ext}}^{\text{int}}$ (total external force)
 $\Gamma_{\text{ext}}^{\text{int}} = \Gamma_{\text{ext}}^{\text{int}} + \Gamma_{\text{ext}}^{\text{int}}$ (total external force)
 $\Gamma_{\text{ext}}^{\text{int}} = \Gamma_{\text{ext}}^{\text{int}} + \Gamma_{\text{ext}}^{\text{int}}$ (total external force)

For the purpose of this study, the following hypotheses were tested: *H1*: The use of a mobile phone will increase the number of calls made by users; *H2*: The use of a mobile phone will increase the number of messages sent by users; *H3*: The use of a mobile phone will increase the number of calls received by users; *H4*: The use of a mobile phone will increase the number of messages received by users; *H5*: The use of a mobile phone will increase the number of calls made by users to other mobile phone users; *H6*: The use of a mobile phone will increase the number of messages sent by users to other mobile phone users; *H7*: The use of a mobile phone will increase the number of calls received by users from other mobile phone users; *H8*: The use of a mobile phone will increase the number of messages received by users from other mobile phone users.

11. 1. 1. 1. 1.

[illegible][illegible]
$$F_{\alpha} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n F_j$$

Additional Resources

5.1.2. *Staphylococcus aureus* (S. aureus)

• *Worms* (e.g., *Ascaris*) are the most common cause of GI disease in children. They are found in soil and feces. Symptoms include abdominal pain, diarrhea, and weight loss. Treatment: *Albendazole*.

THE POTTERY OF SHABULI.

41

Fig. 1. An excellent hand-painted black-figure vase, with a primitive N. African motif of a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower.

Fig. 2. Fragment of a black-figure vase, showing a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red.

Figures 1-2

Fig. 3. A black-figure vase.

Fig. 4. Fragment of a black-figure vase, showing a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red.

All fragments of black-figure pottery are from the same site.

Figures 3-4

Fig. 5. A black-figure vase, showing a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red. The vase is decorated with a black-figure design of a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red. The vase is decorated with a black-figure design of a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red.

Fig. 6. Fragment of a black-figure vase, showing a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red.

Fig. 7. Fragment of a black-figure vase, showing a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red.

Fig. 8. Fragment of a black-figure vase, showing a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red.

Fig. 9. Fragment of a black-figure vase, showing a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red.

Fig. 10. Fragment of a black-figure vase, showing a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red.

Fig. 11. Fragment of a black-figure vase, showing a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red.

Figures 11-12

Black ground, red clay, with occasional use of white.

Fig. 12. Fragment of a black-figure vase.

Fig. 13. Fragment of a black-figure vase, showing a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red.

Fig. 14. A black-figure vase, showing a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red.

Fig. 15. Fragment of a black-figure vase.

Fig. 16. Fragment of a black-figure vase.

Fig. 17. Fragment of a black-figure vase, showing a bird, possibly a crane, standing on a lotus flower. The bird is painted in black, and the lotus flower is painted in red.

TEXTS.

Back part of jar, clay with red, brown, or white

Figures 1, 4, and 5. Dry 1000.

Figures 12 and 13. In body, 1000.

Figures 1 and 6. This pottery is covered with a layer of dust. See Dr. Schwertburg on p. 25, pl. 10.

Pl. 10, fig. 12 and 13. Mrs. M. thinks that there are any lower forms of people in some cases, as even the present is suggested by statues etc. But Mrs. M. says that the last one is a "Canaanite".

Fig. 14. The ~~example~~ shows that the very first of the two rows of clay is connected by one channel. The point is, though, there is based upon the first row, and though the space of that is not be detected. Cf. Pl. 10, fig. 12 and 13.

To the full inscription *ἡμεῖς τοῖς βασιλεῦσι τοῦ βασιλείου τοῦ μεγάλου καὶ ἡμεῖς τοῖς ἀρχιερεῖς τοῦ βασιλείου τοῦ μεγάλου καὶ ἡμεῖς τοῖς ἀρχιερεῖς τοῦ βασιλείου τοῦ μεγάλου* (Ath. VI, B¹ 1-11). They were inscribed 1 year after the consecration of Nibbi in 1840. The most noteworthy specimens (Bible and copies of the inscription) from the gate of Wadian most certainly date from the 19th century and have been found and a very long time, in a place where some of the ancient inscriptions of the temple of the Great Temple. In the temple of Kibbek (Taher) Lepus upon the long text yet found (of Hittite-Greek lines, and in Greek of the 1st century like the Greek inscription

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

The following chapters on the structure of the language and on the grammar of the same language in the 19th century are also of great interest. The author has also written a book on the *historical grammar of the language* of the 19th century, which contains a lot of an important material on the history of the language and the grammar of the 19th century, and is also of great interest to the reader. The author has also written a book on the *historical grammar of the language* of the 19th century, which contains a lot of an important material on the history of the language and the grammar of the 19th century, and is also of great interest to the reader.

[illegible]

[illegible][illegible]

The separation of a solid by liquid does not require a change in the Marangoni number within the distance of interest here, as indicated by the following analysis. Upon balance, the buoyancy force F_b is given by $F_b = \rho V g$, where V is the total fluid, divided into two parts: 0.1111 cm³ of 0.1 mm diameter fluid to be lifted, and the rest being the displaced fluid, having a volume of 0.1111 cm³ of 0.1 mm diameter fluid. The buoyancy force F_b is 1.1×10^{-3} N, and the buoyancy and the opposing resistance is considerably stronger, of the order of 10^{-2} N. Thus, the buoyancy force is not enough to separate the sample from the substrate. In order to separate the sample from the substrate, the buoyancy force must be increased by increasing the volume of the sample.

[illegible]

¹ The half-life of ^{137}Cs is $t_{1/2} = 30.17 \pm 0.02$ years, which is the standard deviation.

Ушбу ҳақиқатларнинг ҳамаишарҳи ва ҳамаишарҳи

As a result, the number of samples of $\mathbf{Y}(t)$ during the observation interval T is $\lfloor T/\Delta t \rfloor$, the integer part of $T/\Delta t$. The number of samples of $\mathbf{Y}(t)$ is denoted by N .

by several individuals, that have gone on to become a well-known and highly influential body of work. The most important of these is the *Journal of the American Musicological Society*, which has been the primary forum for the publication of research in the field of American musicology. The *Journal* has been the primary forum for the publication of research in the field of American musicology, and it has been the primary forum for the publication of research in the field of American musicology.

[illegible][illegible]

United States and Japan. Nevertheless, the Japanese government has been reluctant to accept the responsibility of a major role in the development of the Asian Pacific region. The Japanese government has been reluctant to accept the responsibility of a major role in the development of the Asian Pacific region. The Japanese government has been reluctant to accept the responsibility of a major role in the development of the Asian Pacific region.

[illegible]

[illegible]
$$d_{\text{max}} = 100 \text{ m}$$
[illegible]
$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

This above Hattian language, with its system of writing, which in itself are utilitarian and practical, demonstrates the high degree of the work and the very important role of the Phoenician civilization and its contribution to humanity. With their ancient knowledge, they put the light on humanity and brought to the unknown the advantage that is gained in the Phoenician system of writing, which is a highly productive and efficient human form. In early Phoenician literature, the Phoenicians of Mesopotamia and Egypt, which is apparent in the early Phoenician literature, that the Hattians, who, with their writing, already developed the Phoenician literature and language, thus, by the Phoenicians, it is clear that the Phoenicians, who, in addition, which they contain, have been used in the Phoenician system of writing, which is a highly productive and efficient human form. In early Phoenician literature, the Phoenicians of Mesopotamia and Egypt, which is apparent in the early Phoenician literature, that the Hattians, who, with their writing, already developed the Phoenician literature and language, thus, by the Phoenicians, it is clear that the Phoenicians, who, in addition, which they contain, have been used in the Phoenician system of writing, which is a highly productive and efficient human form.

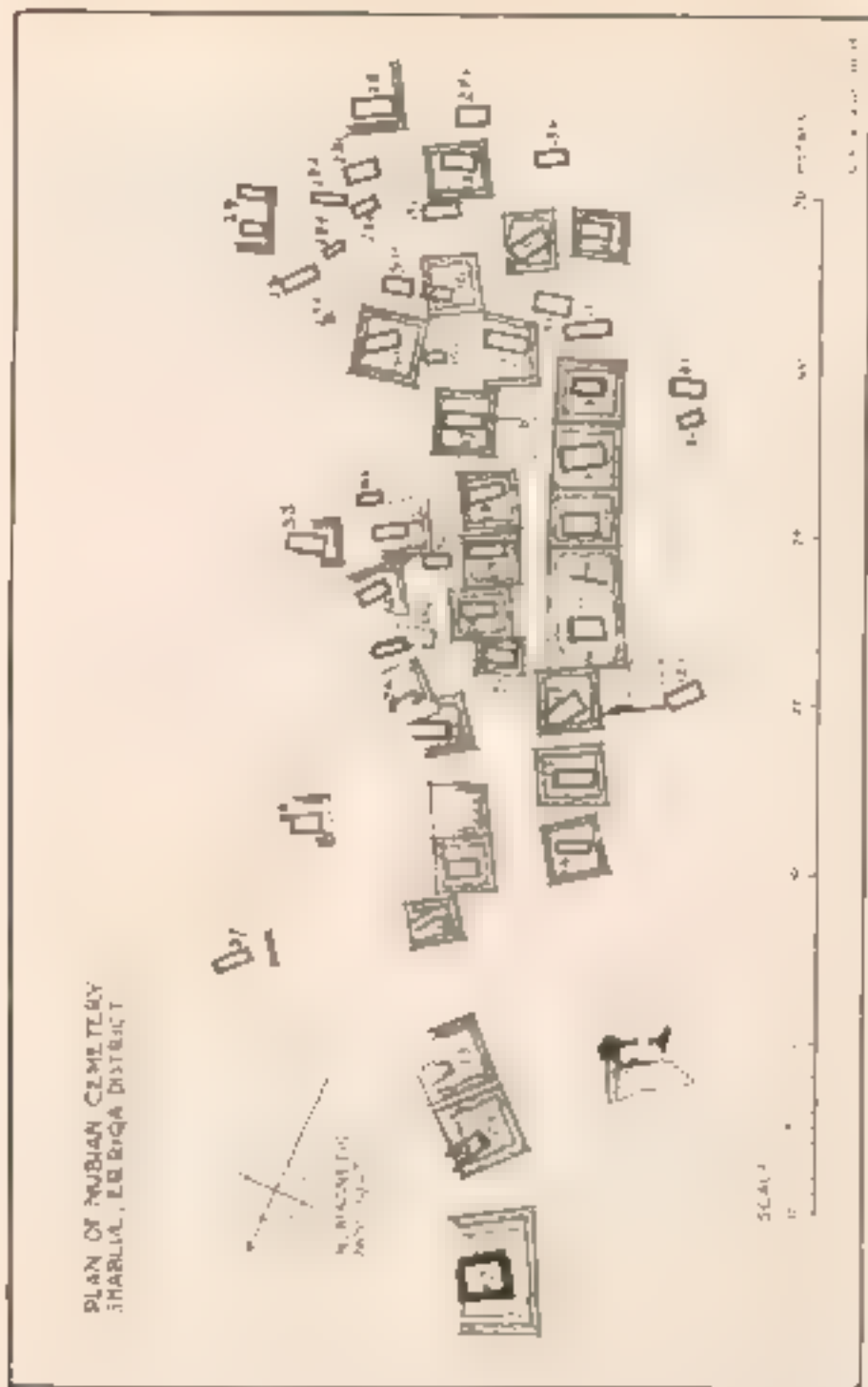
[illegible][illegible][illegible]

12. $\frac{1}{2} \log \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} \log 2 = -\frac{1}{2} \log 2^1 = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 = -\frac{1}{2}$

[illegible]
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) &= \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) + \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) + \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) \\ &= \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) + \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) + \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) \\ &= \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) + \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) + \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) \\ &= \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) + \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) + \text{Cov}(X_i, X_j) \end{aligned}$$

the \mathcal{H}_∞ norm of the transfer function $G(s)$ is bounded by γ for all s in the imaginary axis, then the system is stable. In fact, a stronger property, called *input-output stability*, can be shown to imply \mathcal{H}_∞ stability. For purposes of this paper, we will use the \mathcal{H}_∞ definition, and the stronger property will be used only in the appendix on the stability of the closed-loop system.

INDEX



THE NEOLITHIC CAVE AT SHADOL

1900-1901

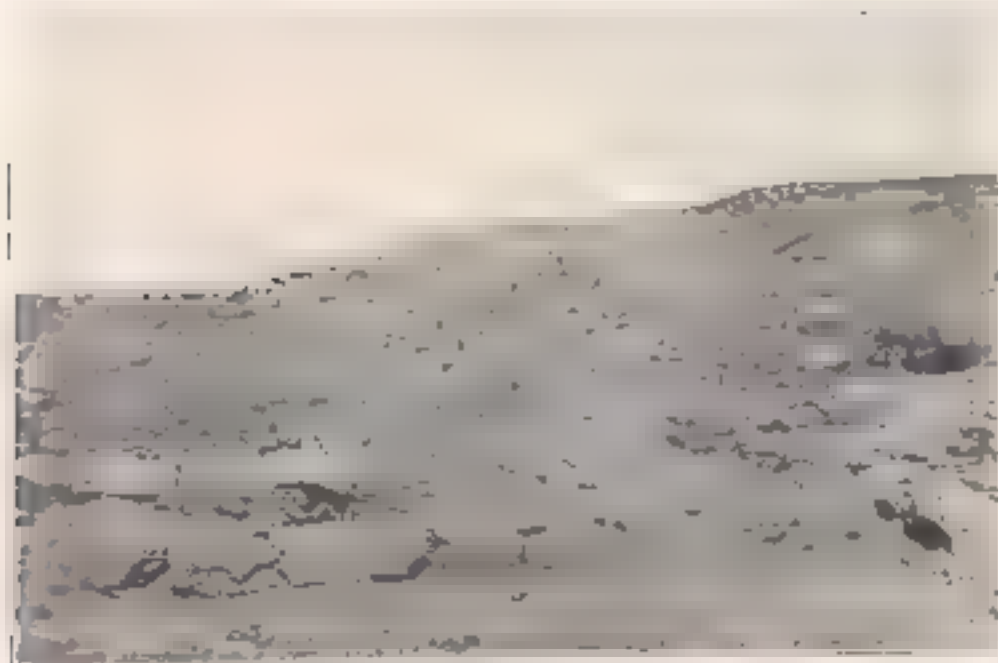


Fig. 1. The Neolithic Cave at Shadol. Fig. 2. The entrance to the Neolithic Cave at Shadol.



SCULPTURED SANDSTONE FIGURES FROM SHABLI 2

1/2 x 1/2 x 1/2



Fig. 90000

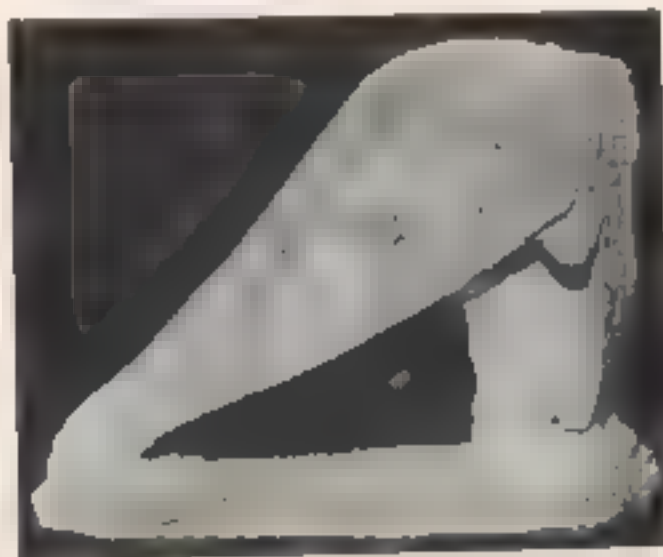


Fig. 90001



Fig. 90002

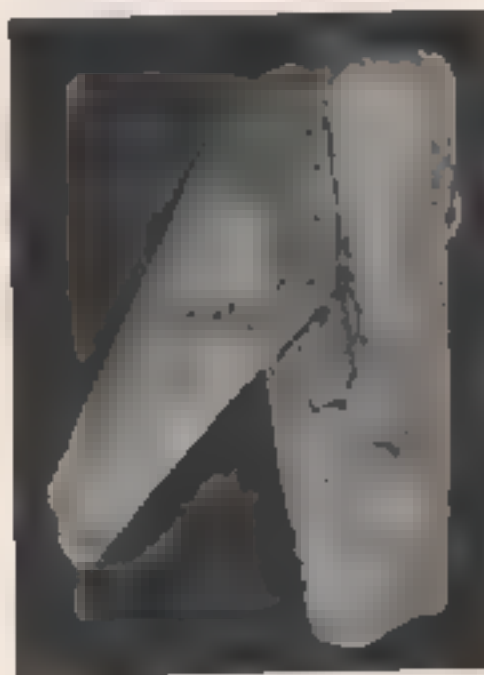


Fig. 90003



FIG. 1.

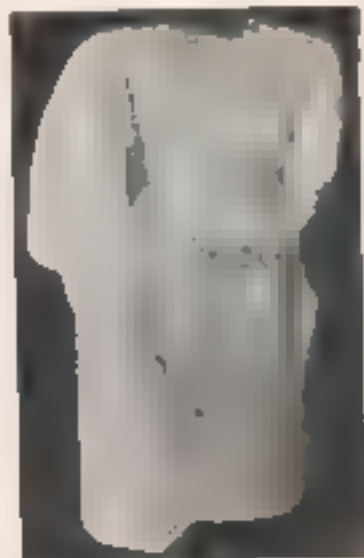


FIG. 2.



FIG. 3.



FIG. 4.



FIG. 5.



FIG. 6.



FIG. 7.



FIG. 8.

HEADS OF SCULPTED SANDSTONE FIGURES FROM SHABLI.
 (See page 101.)



FIG. 5012

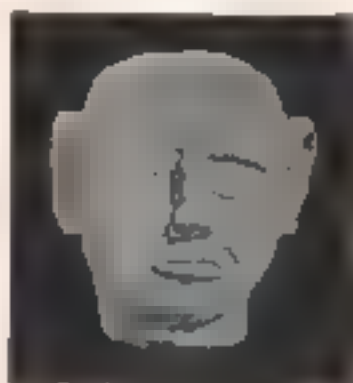


FIG. 5013



FIG. 5014



FIG. 5015



FIG. 5016

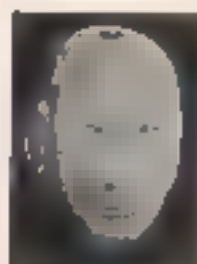


FIG. 5017

HEADS OF SCULPTURES SANDS/DON EDDIES FROM STABLE.

1900-1901

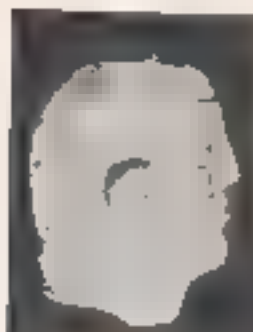


FIG. 10-1

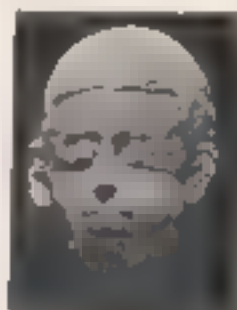


FIG. 10-2



FIG. 10-3



FIG. 10-4



FIG. 10-5



FIG. 10-6

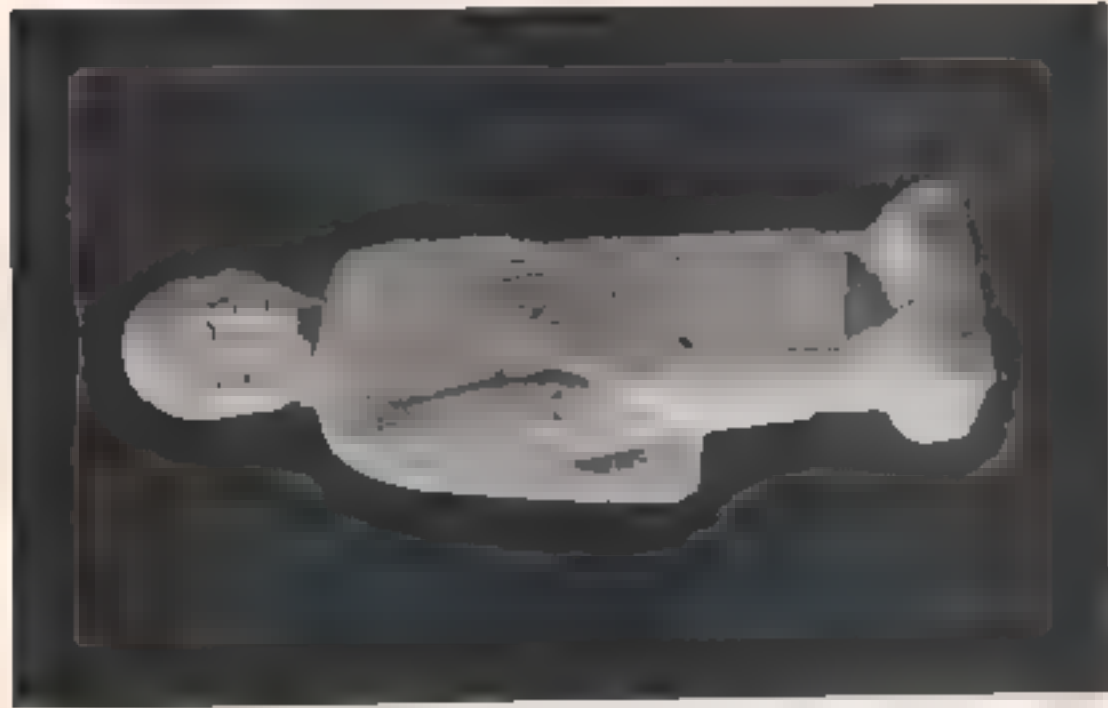


FIGURE 1

STATUE OF A FEMALE FIGURE FROM THE MUSEUM OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

FIGURE 2



FIGURE 3

FIGURE 4

THE NUBIAN CEMETERY AT SHABRUT.

PLATE 24



Fig. 5-43 5-44



Fig. 5-45 5-46

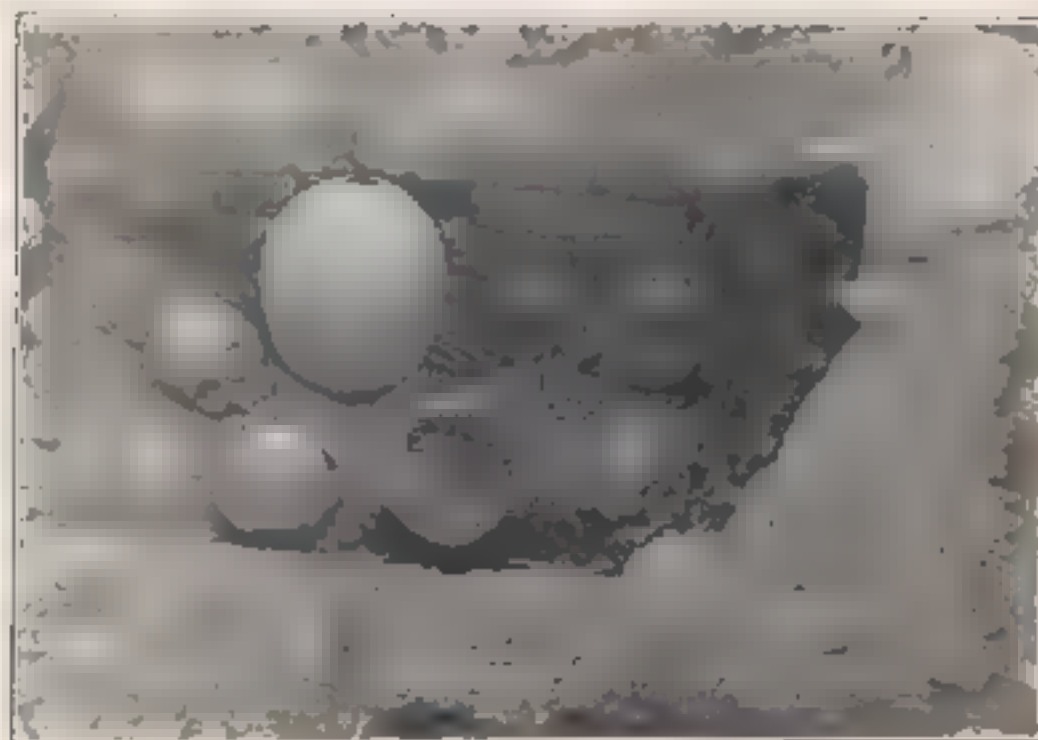


Fig. 5-47 5-48

24-25-26





Fig. 1001.

Fig. 1002.

Fig. 1003.

Fig. 1004.

1001

Fig. 1005.

Fig. 1006.

Fig. 1007.

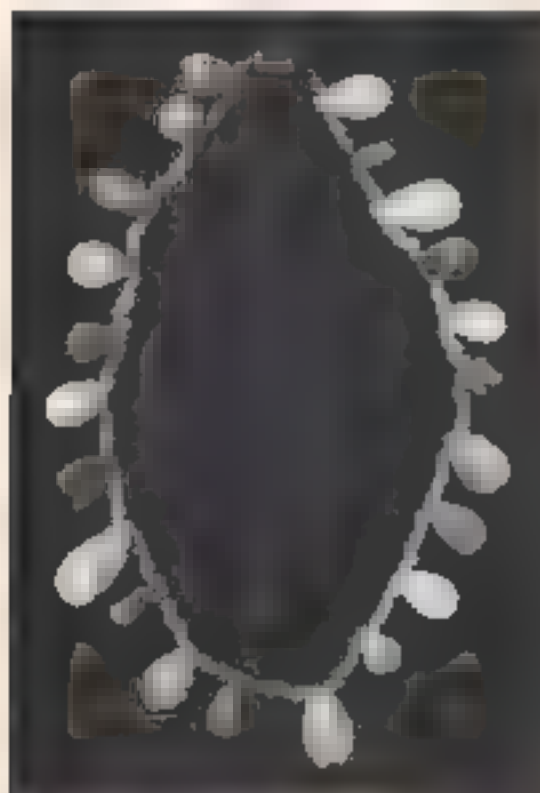


Fig. 1005.



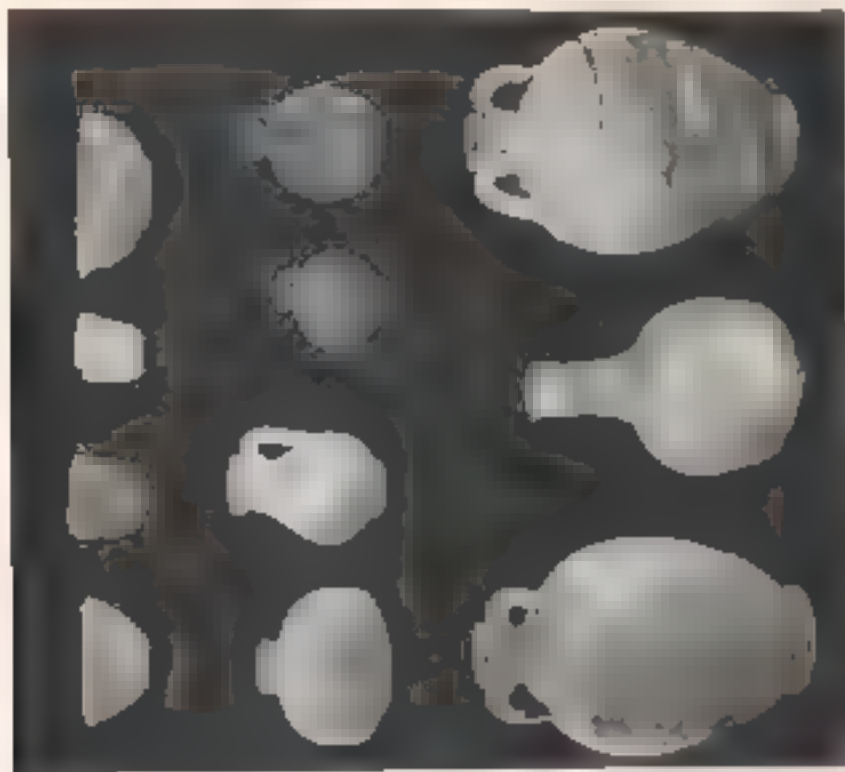
Fig. 1006.

Fig. 1007.

Fig. 1005. A fragment of a pectoral, with a central knob, and a border of small, oval-shaped elements.

Fig. 1006. A large, dark, cylindrical vessel, with a short neck.

Fig. 1007. A small, light-colored, rounded vessel, with a short neck.



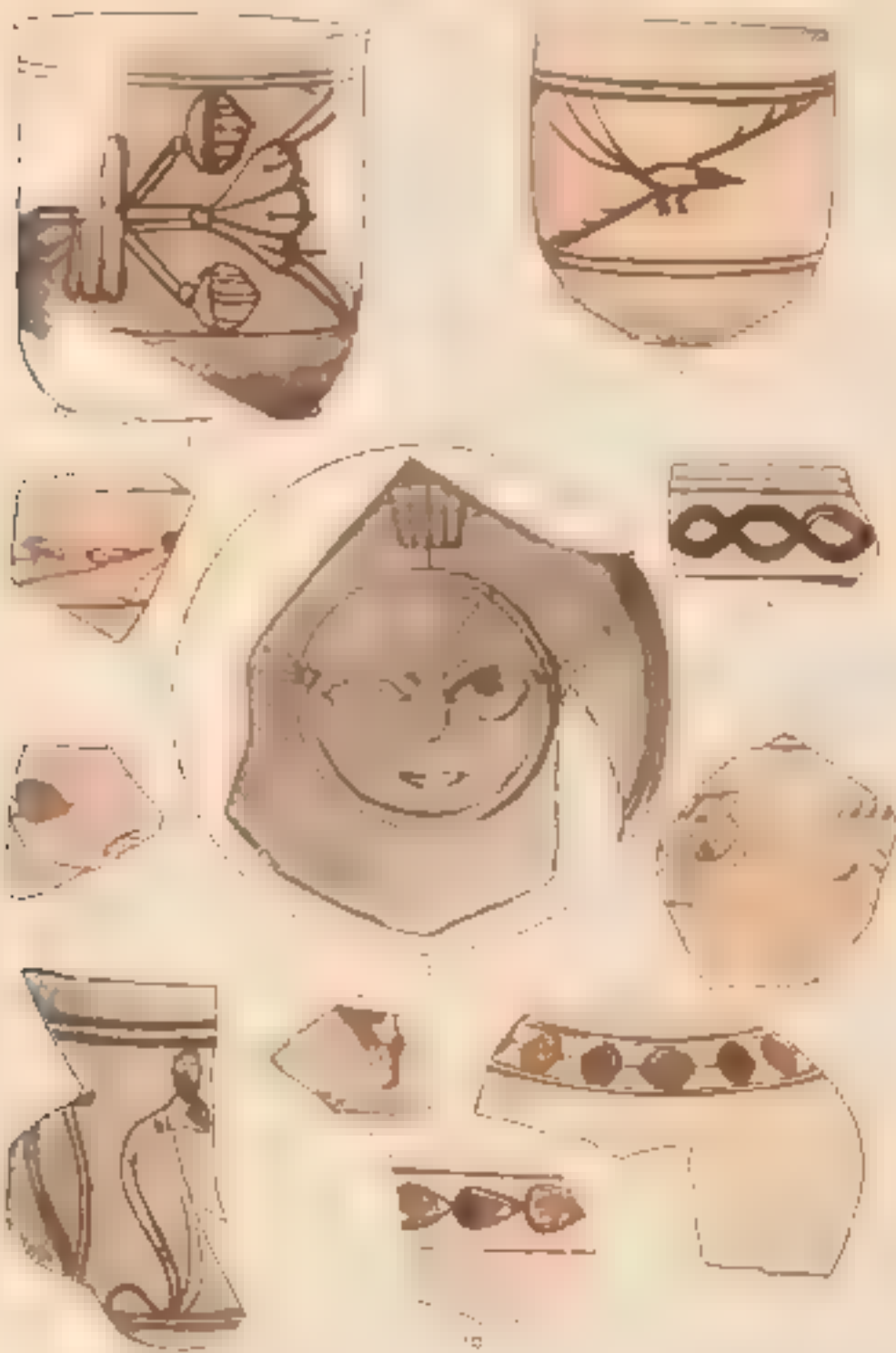
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|

TERRACOTTA VESSELS FROM SIALK.

PLATE 25

PAINTED POTTERY FROM SENECA

1880-1890









PAINTED POTTERY FROM SHARUL

(1000-1500 A.D.)



1



2



3



4



5

PAINTED POTTERY FROM SHABUL

(FROM 1900-1901)



10

11



NO. 25 TO 28. 45



1



2



3



4



5

PAINTED POTTERY FROM SHARUL

(1000 to 2500 B.C.)





PAINTED POTTERY FROM SHADLER
HOLE, N. C.



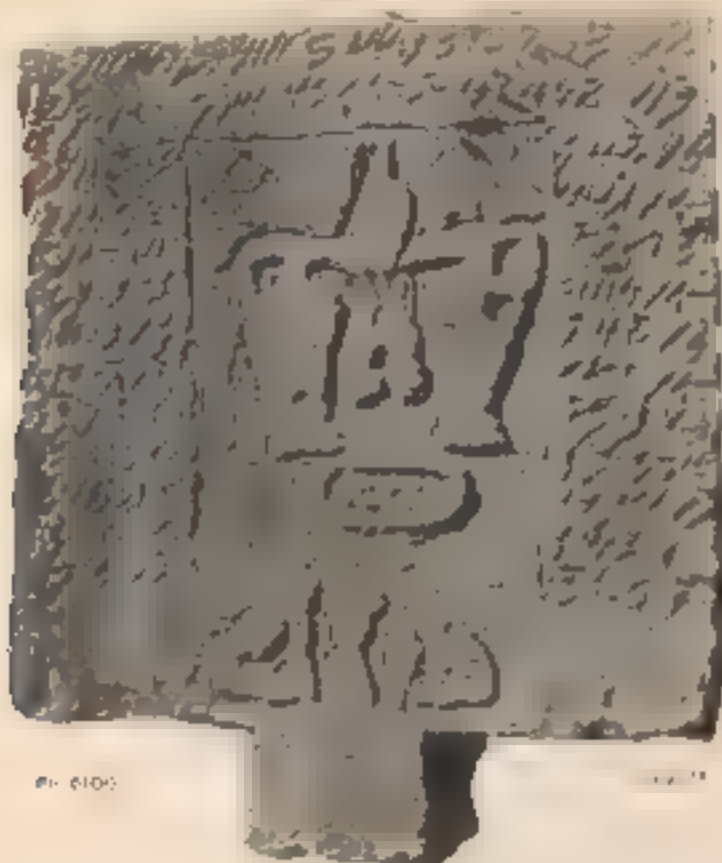


PAINTED POTTERY FROM SHABUL

FIGS. 1-12



OFFERING-TABLES WITH MEROITIC INSCRIPTIONS FROM SHADLUL



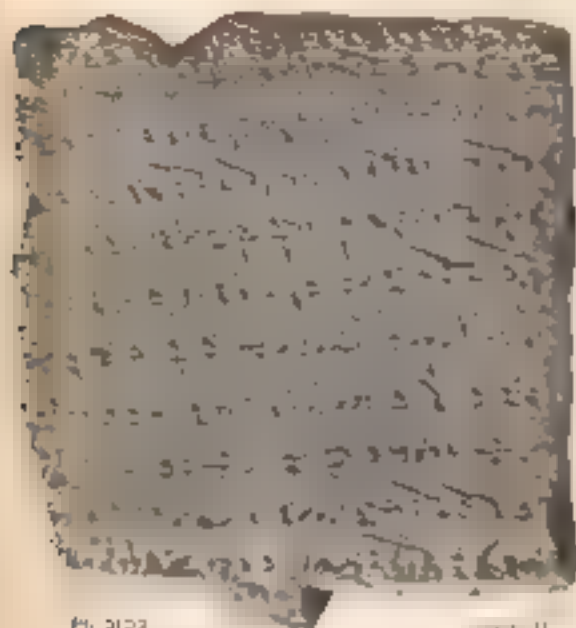
Pl. 5100



Pl. 5101

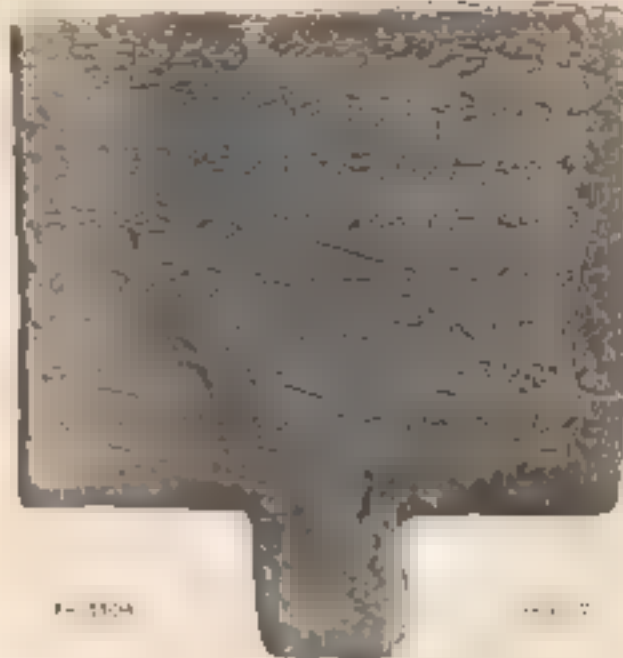
STELAE WITH MEROTIC INSCRIPTIONS FROM SHABLIH.

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.



Ph. 5122

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.



Ph. 5124

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.



Ph. 5123

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

STELAE AND OFFERING-TABLE WITH MEEOTIC INSCRIPTIONS FROM SHABLU.

FIGS. 1036-1041.



FIG. 1036

1036



FIG. 1037

1037



FIG. 1038

1038

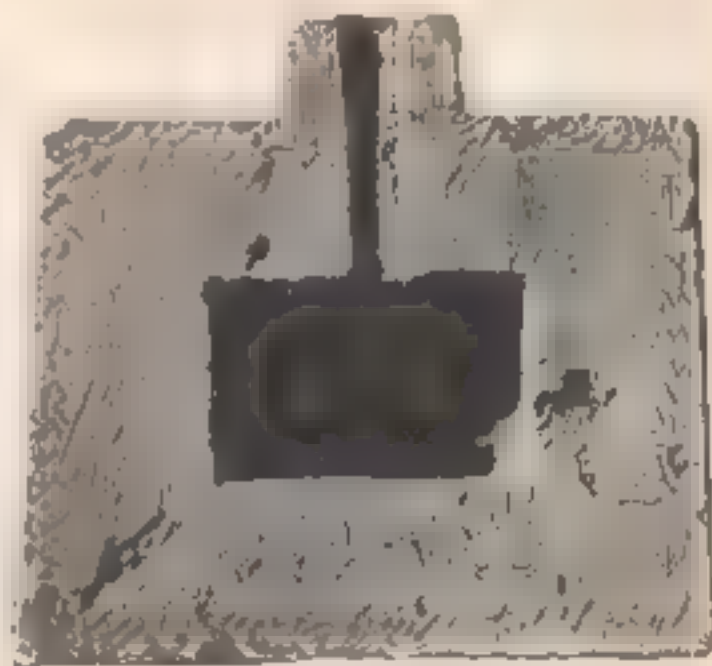


FIG. 1039

1039

STELAE AND OFFERING-TABLES WITH MEROTIC INSCRIPTIONS FROM SHABUEL.

10. 10. 10. 10. 10.



Pl. 10. 10.

10. 10.



Pl. 10. 10.

10. 10.



Pl. 10. 10.

10. 10.



Pl. 10. 10.

10. 10.

STELA AND OFFERING-TABLES WITH MEROTIC INSCRIPTIONS FROM SHABLI'L

TABLET NO. 1000



PL. 36A

TABLET NO. 1000



PL. 36B

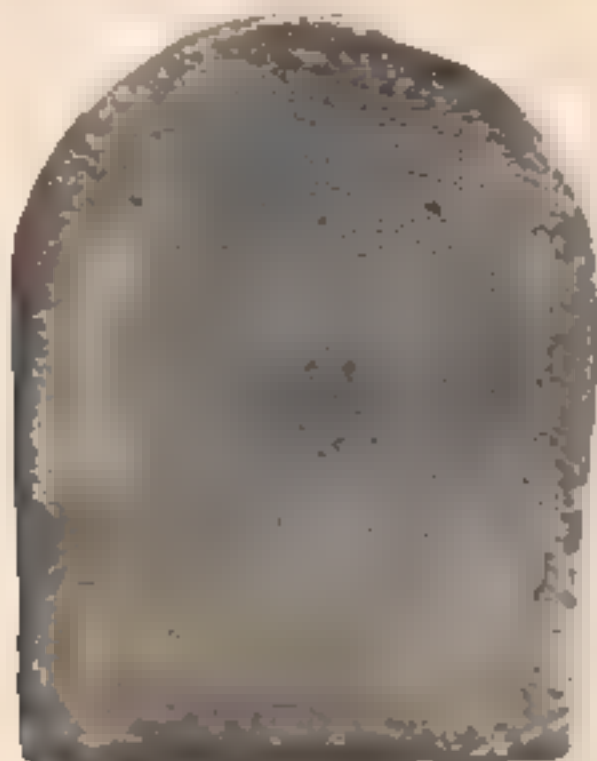
TABLET NO. 1000



PL. 36C

TABLET NO. 1000

STELA AND OFFERING-TABLES WITH MEROTIC INSCRIPTIONS FROM SHABLUH
 (1891-1892)



Pl. 510

Fig. 1



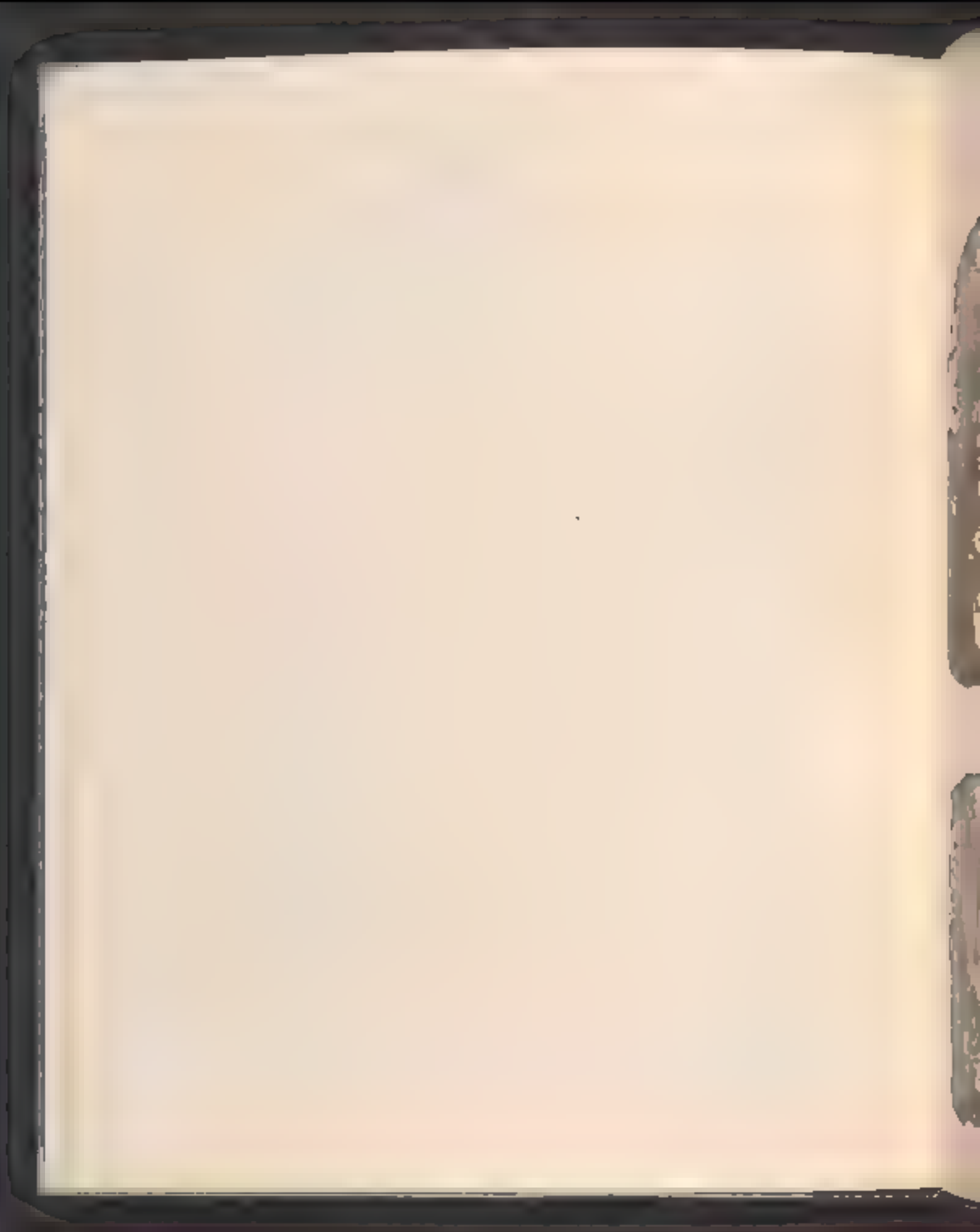
Pl. 511

Fig. 2



Pl. 512

Fig. 3



PAINTED STEPS OF ZHONG SHAN
 (1950-1951)



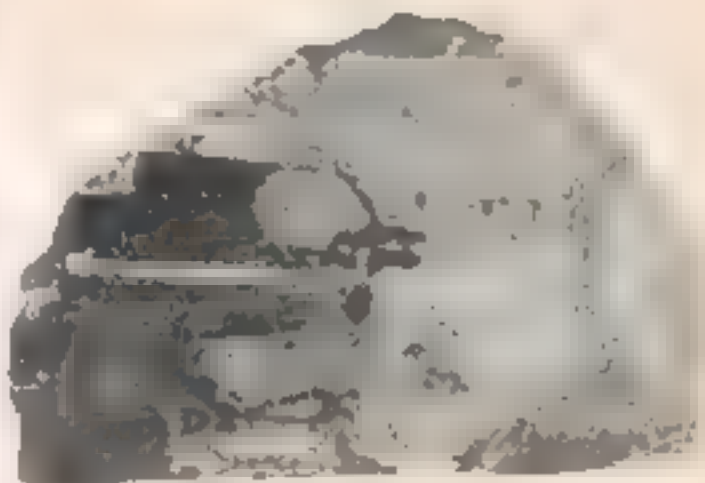
Pl. 512



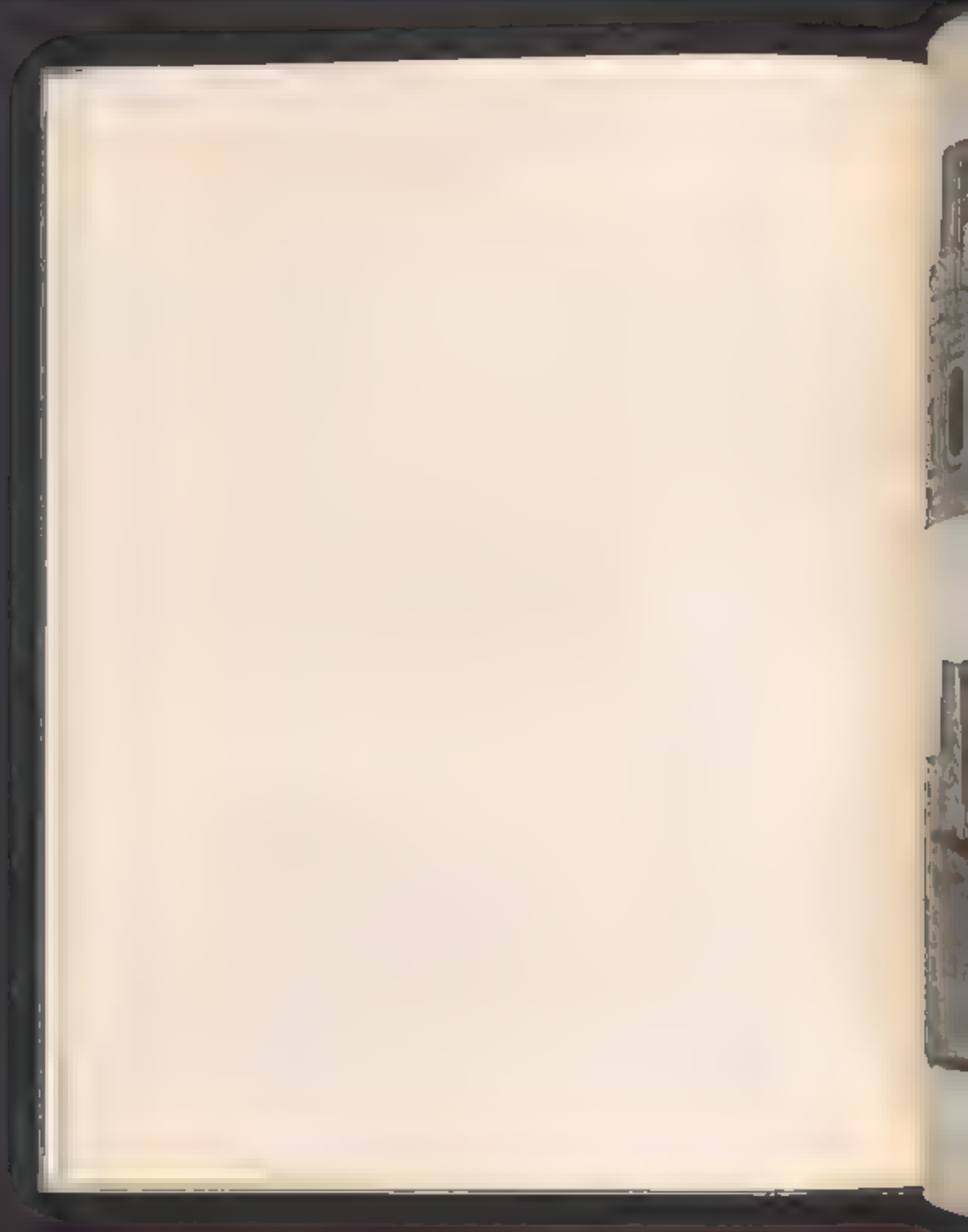
Pl. 513



Pl. 514



Pl. 515



OFFERING TABLES FROM SHADLU.

(See p. 100 and 101)



PA 3922

(See p. 100)



PA 3924

(See p. 101)



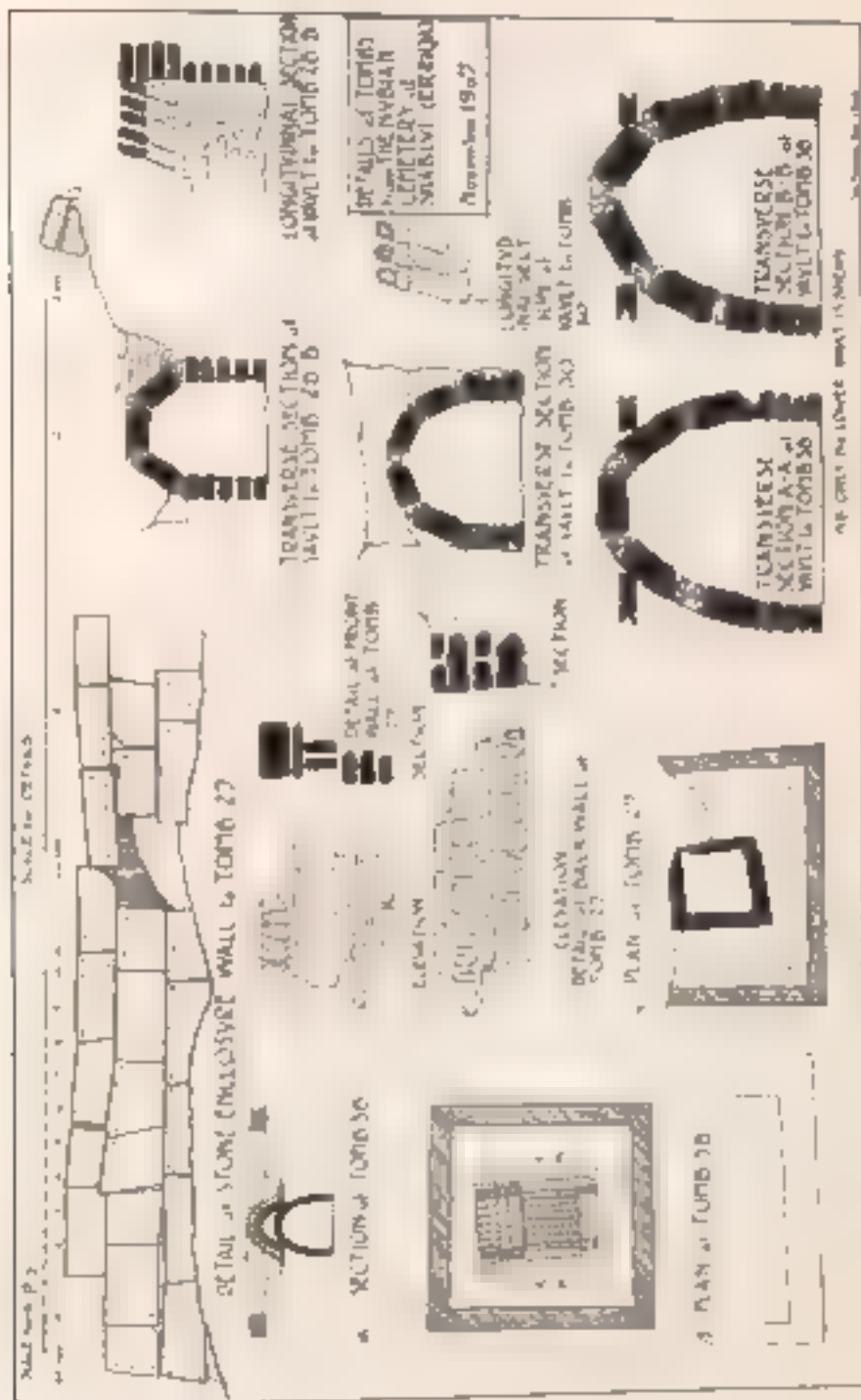
PA 3925

(See p. 100)



PA 3927

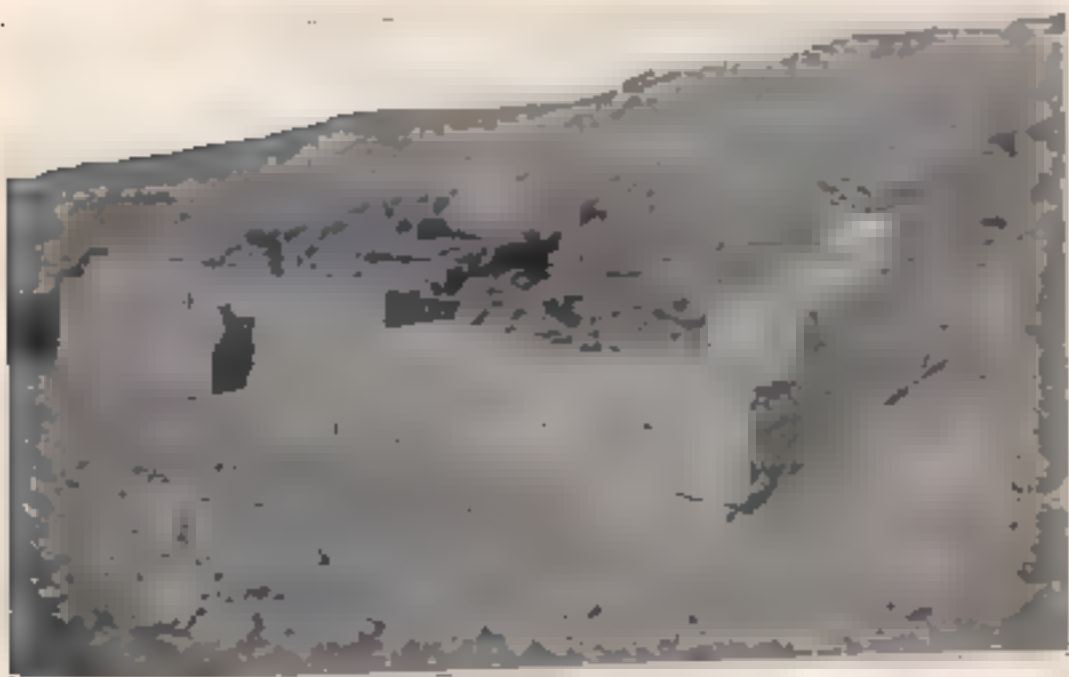
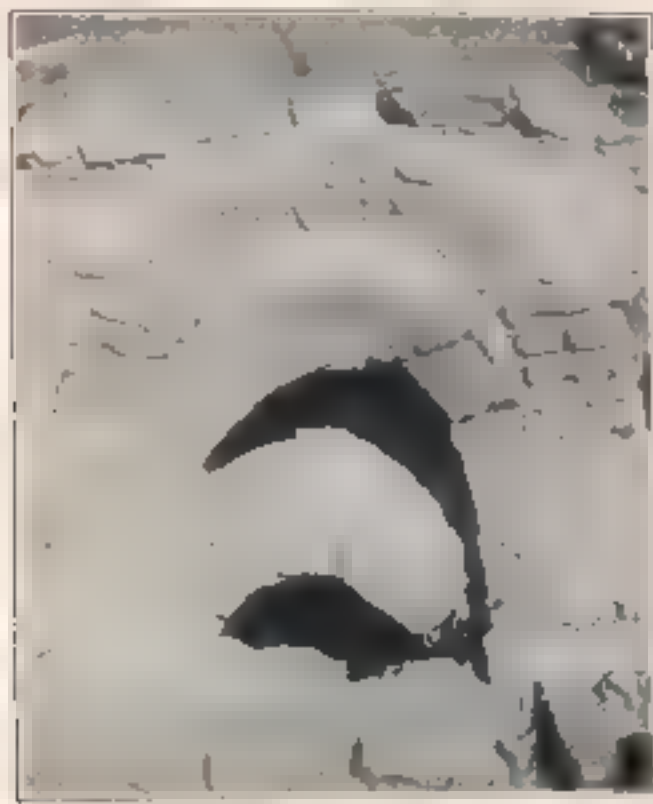
(See p. 101)



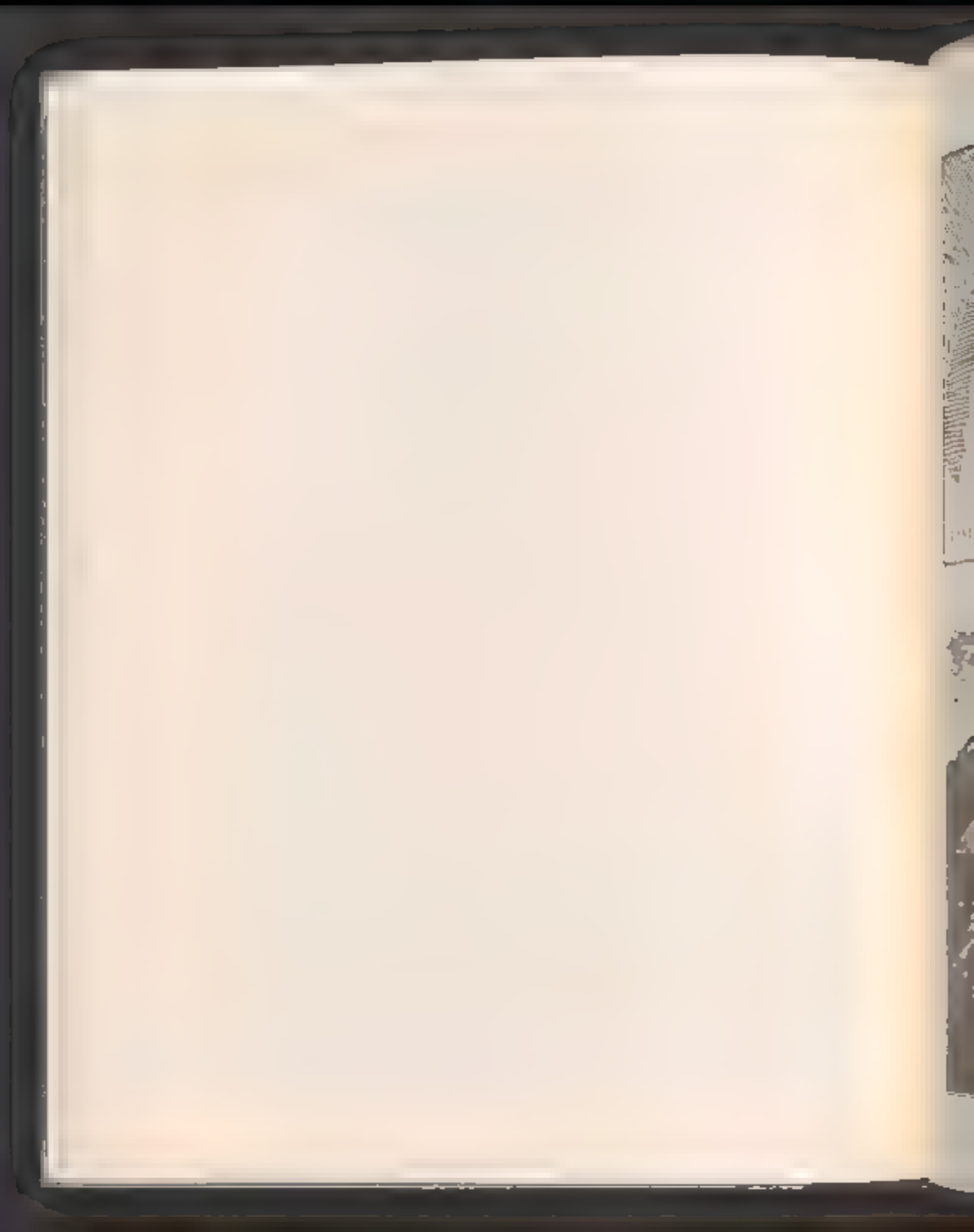
THE SOGDIAN CEMETERY AT SHAHJIZ.

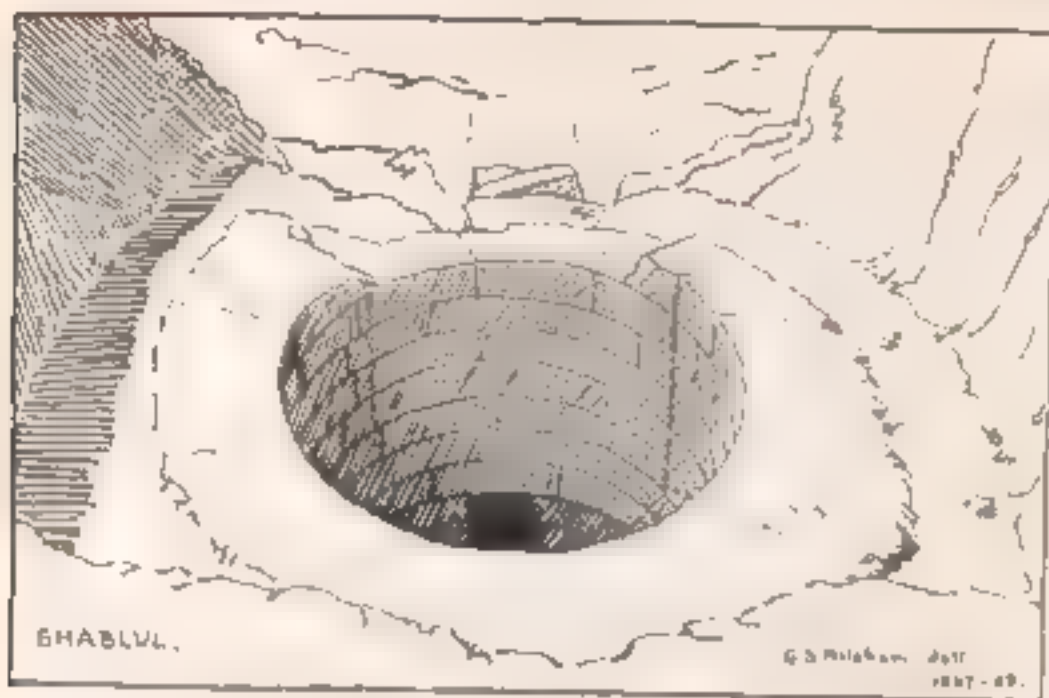
THE SUBIAN CEMETERY AT SHABUL.

PLATE II



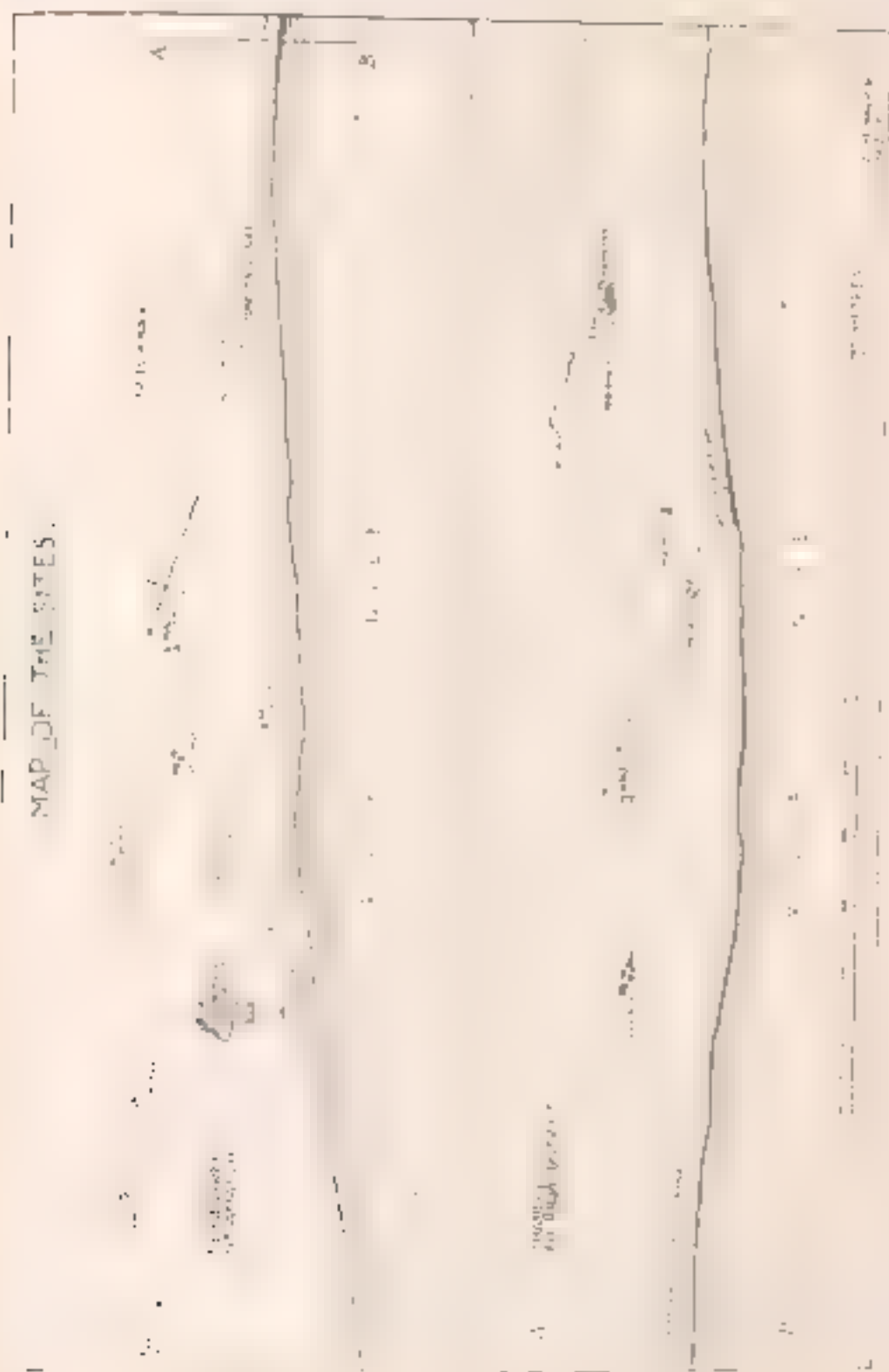
A View of the Subian Cemetery at Shabul, showing the large, dark, curved structure in the foreground.







MAP OF THE SITE.







I
S
A
W

Non-Circulating

15 E 84th Street
New York, NY 10028

